

# Building Science For the Green Professional Energy Efficiency

## **Your Presenters**



#### ES Green & Company, LLC

"A Common Sense Approach"

Jane Conn
Florida, National Energy Rater
Water Star™ Certifier
FGBC Certified Green Professional
jbixconn@comcast.net
850-545-5738

Randy Conn, CBC 027066
FGBC Certifier
Water Star™ Certifier
FGBC Certified Green
Professional
Home Inspector HI 1867
randyconnbuilder@aol.com
850-933-0188



#### **Energy Efficiency**

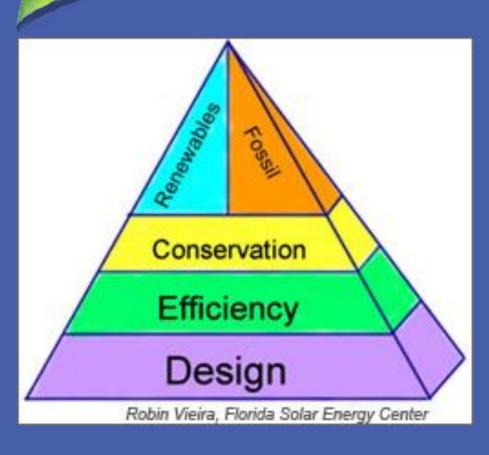
- Complying with Florida's energy policy
- Complying with Green Building Certification Energy Requirements
- Space Heating and Cooling Systems
- Air Distribution Systems



- Leaning Objectives—Energy Efficiency
  - Identify the critical factors for ensuring energy efficiency.
  - Describe the technical resources and considerations involved with designing and installing an energy efficient HVAC system.
  - Explain the important energy conservation features of lighting, appliance, and water heating components.



#### Introduction

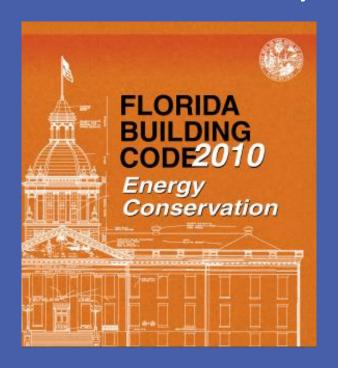


- Conservation via
  - Building envelope
  - Air barrier
- Efficient consumption applies to:
  - Seasonal consumption
  - Baseload consumption
- Alternative energy
- All three work interdependently



# Complying with Florida's energy policy

 Florida has an energy code that is updated by the Florida Building Commission every three years.





#### Florida Energy Code Compliance

#### Two general methods:

- Prescriptive: strict envelope measures with federal minimum heating, cooling and water heating equipment
- Performance: building simulation software is used to project the energy use of the proposed design and compare it to a predefined standard reference design of the same size. This method allows trade-offs between envelope and equipment.



#### Three Prescriptive Methods

- R-value computation comply with table values and applicable parts of code
- U-Factor alternative similar but uses whole assembly U-Factor
- Total UA alternative allows trade-offs between envelope sections



# Prescriptive R-Value Compliance

Windows: Max. U-0.65 (skylights 0.75),

SHGC 0.30, 20% GFA

Walls: Frame R-13, Block R-6 / R-7.8

Roof Reflectance: Min. 0.25

Ceilings: R-30

Floors: R-13 raised floor; R-0 slab-on-grade

Doors: Max. U-0.65

Equipment efficiency: federal code

Ducts: R-6, located in conditioned space and tested

Qn≤0.03



#### Performance Method

- Most builders comply using the performance method.
- 2010 Florida Energy Code requires the proposed design home to have a projected annual energy load of 0.80 of the Florida standard reference design.



#### Performance Method

#### FLORIDA ENERGY EFFICIENCY CODE FOR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

Florida Department of Community Affairs Residential Performance Method A

Project Name: Premier 3000 Adiron Street: 3000 Adiron Way City, State, Zip: Tallahassee , FL , 32 Owner: Premier Construction Design Location: FL, Tallahassee	317-	Builder Name: Premier Construction and Devel Permit Office: Permit Number: Jurisdiction:		
New construction or existing     Single family or multiple family     Number of units, if multiple family     Number of Bedrooms     Is this a worst case?     Conditioned floor area (th)     Windows(171.1 sqft.)     Description     UF-actor: DBI, UP-0.35     SHGC: DBI, Gefault     SHGC: Clear, default     UF-actor: N/A     UF-actor: N/A     UF-actor: N/A     UF-actor: N/A     UF-actor: N/A     SHGC: N/A	New (From Plans) Single-family 1 3 No 1656 Avaa 144.00 R <sup>2</sup> 27.11 R <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup>	9. Wall Types (1875 0 sqft.) a Frame -Wood, Exterior b Frame -Wood, Adjacent c. NA d. NiA 10. Ceiling Types (1767.0 sqft.) a. Under Attic (Verted) b. Knee Wall (Verted) c. NIA 11. Ducts a. Sup. Attic Ret. Attic AH: Attic Su 12. Cooling systems a. Central Unit 13. Heating systems a. Electric Heat Pump	Insulation Area R=13.0 1557:00 ft* R=13.0 318.00 ft* R= ft* R=38.0 1656:00 ft* R=19.0 111.00 ft* R=19.0 111.00 ft* R=19.0 1560:00 ft* R=19.00 ft* Cap: 30.0 kBtu/hr H=19.0 1567:00 ft* Cap: 30.0 kBtu/hr	
8. Floor Types (1656.0 sqft.) a. Stab-On-Grade Edge Insulation b. N/A c. N/A	Insulation Area R=0.0 1656.00 ft <sup>2</sup> R= ft <sup>2</sup> R= ft <sup>2</sup>	14. Hot water systems a. Natural Gas b. Conservation features None 15. Credits	Cap: 1 gallons EF: 0.81	
Glass/Floor Area: 0.103	Total As-Built Modif Total Basel	ied Loads: 22.06 ine Loads: 37.03	PASS	
I hereby certify that the plans and specthis calculation are in compliance with Code.  PREPARED BY: DATE:  I hereby certify that this building, as de with the Florida Energy Code.  OWNER/AGENT: DATE:	the Florida Energy	Review of the plans and specifications covered by this calculation indicates compliance with the Florida Energy Code. Before construction is completed this building will be inspected for compliance with Section 553,908 Florida Statutes.  BUILDING OFFICIAL:  DATE:	THE STATE OF THE S	

- leakage to outdoors is not greater then 66 cfm at 25 pascals pressure difference in accordance with N1110.A.2.
- Compliance requires an envelope leakage test report, by a Florida Class 1 Rater, in accordance with N1113.A.1.

1/27/2012 11:20 AM EnergyGauge® USA - FlaRes2008

#### **ENERGY PERFORMANCE LEVEL (EPL) DISPLAY CARD**

ESTIMATED ENERGY PERFORMANCE INDEX\* = 60

The lower the EnergyPerformance Index, the more efficient the home.

	New construction or existing Single family or multiple family Number of units, if multiple family		New (From Plans) Single-family 1	<ol> <li>Wall Types</li> <li>Frame - Wood, Exterior</li> </ol>	Insulation R=13.0	Area 1557.00 ft²	
				b. Frame - Wood, Exterior b. Frame - Wood, Adjacent c. N/A	R=13.0	318.00 ft <sup>2</sup>	
3.					R=		
4.	Number of Bedroom	s	3		d. N/A	R=	ft²
5.	Is this a worst case?		No		10. Ceiling Types	Insulation	
6.	Conditioned floor are	a (ft²)	1656		a. Under Attic (Vented)	R=38.0	1656.00 ft <sup>2</sup>
7.	Windows** a. U-Factor: SHGC:	Description Dbl, U=0.35 SHGC=0.29		Area 144.00 ft²	b. Knee Wall (Vented) c. N/A 11. Ducts	R=19.0 R=	111.00 ft²
	b. U-Factor:	Dbl, default		27.11 ft²	a. Sup: Attic Ret: Attic AH: Atti	Sup. R= 6, 330 f	t²
	SHGC: c. U-Factor: SHGC:	Clear, default N/A		ft²	12. Cooling systems a. Central Unit	Cap:	30.0 kBtu/h SEER: 14
	d. U-Factor:	N/A		ft²	13. Heating systems		
	SHGC: e. U-Factor: SHGC:	N/A		ft²	a. Electric Heat Pump	Cap:	30.0 kBtu/h HSPF: 7.8
8.	Floor Types a. Slab-On-Grade Edge Insulation b. N/A	Insulation Area R=0.0 1656.00 ft <sup>2</sup> R= ft <sup>2</sup>	1656.00 ft²	14. Hot water systems a. Natural Gas	C	ap: 1 gallons EF: 0.81	
	c. N/A		R=	ft²	<ul> <li>b. Conservation features</li> <li>None</li> </ul>		
					15. Credits		CF, Psta

Builder Signature: Address of New Home: City/FL Zip:



\*Note: The home's estimated Energy Performance Index is only available through the EnergyGauge USA -FlaRes2008 computer program. This is not a Building Energy Rating. If your Index is below 100, your home may qualify for incentives if you obtain a Florida Energy Gauge Rating. Contact the Energy Gauge Holline at (321) 638-1492 or see the Energy Gauge web site at energypauge.com for information and a list of certified Raters. For information about Florida's Energy Efficiency Code for Building Construction, contact the Department of Community Affairs at (850) 487-1824.

\*\*Label required by Section 13-104.4.5 of the Florida Building Code, Building, or Section B2.1.1 of Appendix G of the Florida Building Code, Residential, if not DEFAULT.

EnergyGauge® USA - FlaRes2008



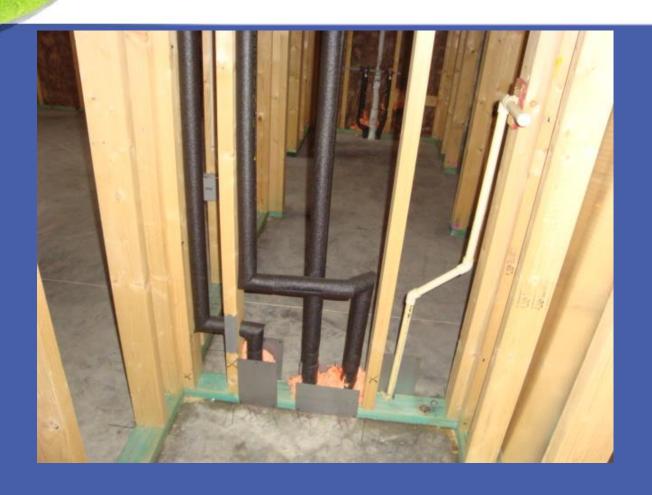


























## Air Barrier

## Building envelope Air barrier

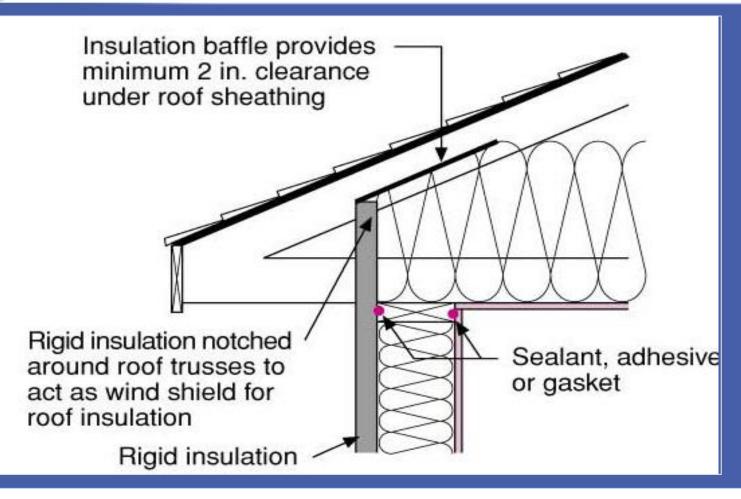
Thermal boundary







#### Insulation Placement





#### Insulation Types and Forms















1

• 2



















#### Heat Transfer

- U-value The rate of heat loss by the product or assembly
  - To determine the U-value for a given product, divide 1 by the R-value.
  - Example: R19 fiberglass insulation has a U-value of 1/19, or .05263.
- Advanced framing techniques increase the effective insulation value.



#### Alternative Building Systems

- OVE
- SIPs
- ICFs
- Precast concrete

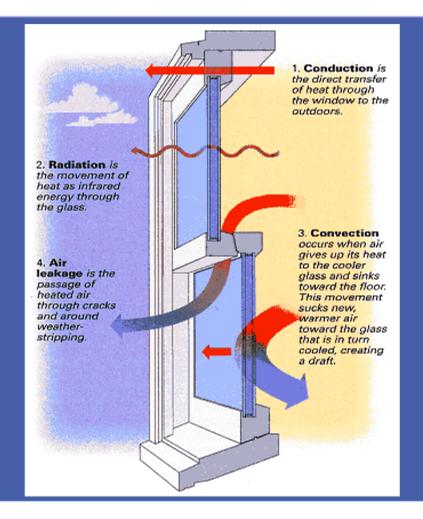
When used together, they can provide significant advantages.



## Fenestration: Windows, Skylights, and Doors

#### Window Issues:

- Conduction
- Radiation
- Convection
- Air leakage





- Frame and glazing options
  - Insulated glass
  - Low-E glass
  - Low-conductance gas fillings
  - Composite spacers
- Fenestration ratings

#### **U-values**

- Triple-glazed units: .12
- Double glazed units:

.50 to .30



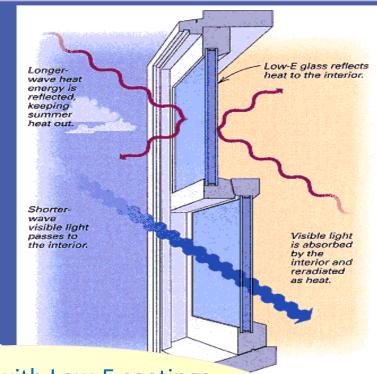


- Frame and glazing options
  - Insulated glass
  - Low-E glass
  - Low-conductance gas fillings
  - Composite spacers
- Fenestration ratings

- Reflects up to 90% of long-wave heat energy
- Allows shorter wave, visible light to pass



- Frame and glazing options
  - Insulated glass
  - Low-E glass
  - Low-conductance gas fillings
  - Composite spacers
- Fenestration ratings



- Combined with Low-E coatings boosts energy efficiency
- 5% of the window's overall cost



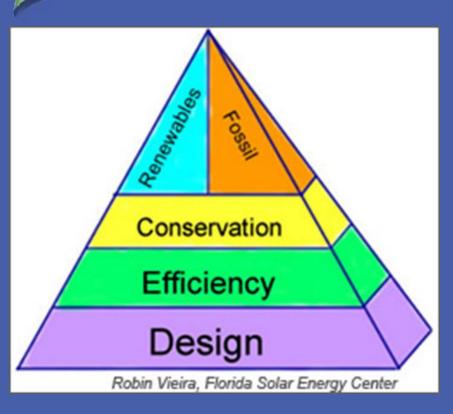
- Frame and glazing options
  - Insulated glass
  - Low-E glass
  - Low-conductance gas fillings
  - Composite spacers
- Fenestration ratings

 U-values .02 lower than aluminum-spaced counterparts









- Design criteria
- Design considerations
- Equipment selection
- Distribution



#### Design Criteria

- Proper design uses scientific criteria and a systematic method.
- The Standard points to ACCA and AHRI resources.
  - ACCA Manual J
  - GAMA H-22
  - ACCA Manual S
  - ACCA Manual D
  - ACCA Manual RS







#### **Design Loads**

## System sizes should be selected based on the building design loads.

#### **Undersized Equipment**

- Does not maintain the comfort level when weather imposes an increased design load
- Slightly undersized equipment may actually provide more comfort at a lower cost by running constantly at the extreme of the design load.

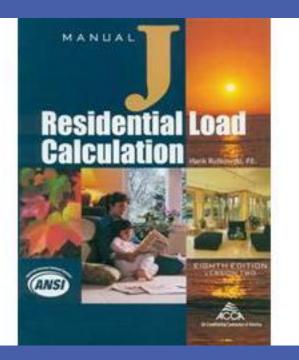
#### **Oversized Equipment**

- Causes short-cycles
- Marginalizes part-load temperature control
- Creates pockets of stagnant air
- Degrades humidity control
- Requires larger duct runs
- Increases installed and operating costs
- Increases the installed load
- Causes unnecessary stress on machinery





#### Design Loads



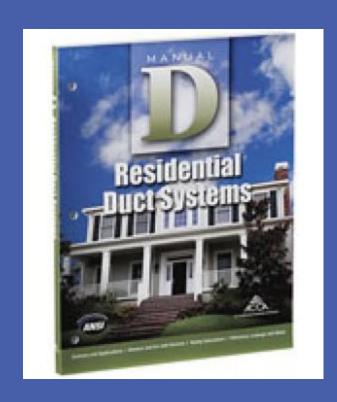
 Manual J residential load calculation enables accurate estimates.





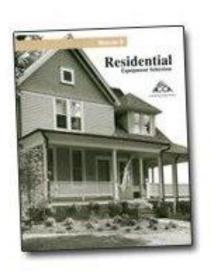
#### System Selection

 Manual D Residential duct design





# **System Selection**



 Manual S residential system selection







- **ENERGY STAR Most Efficient 2012** Central Air Conditioners and Air Source Heat Pump
  - IQ Drive units up to 24.5 SEER
  - non IQ drive units with SEER 18 to 20







#### ENERGY STAR Most Efficient 2012 — Furnaces

Units with up to 0.975 AFUE

 AFUE is the annual fuel utilization efficiency







- Keeping the systems affordable
  - Make home efficient, make ductwork efficient
  - Have contractor size the system using your specified windows and insulation
  - Be willing to shop around to different subs







- Keeping the systems affordable
  - At some price, it may be more cost efficient to add solar electric panels to reduce energy bills than to go the premium cost for super-high-efficient units.
  - Weigh alternatives. Your energy rater can project

savings.





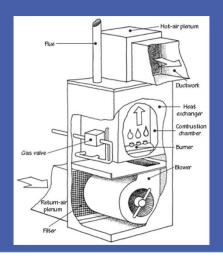


#### Equipment

There are choices in Florida for your type of heating/cooling systems



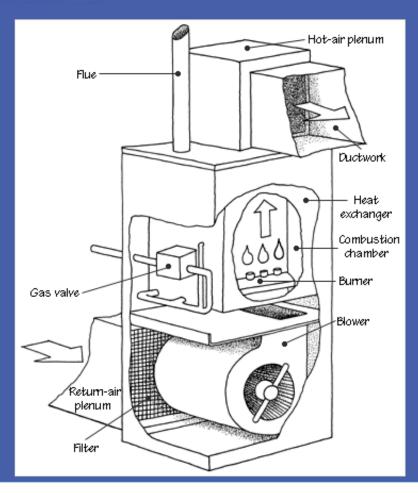








#### Forced Air Furnaces





#### Electric Resistance Heaters



#### Several options

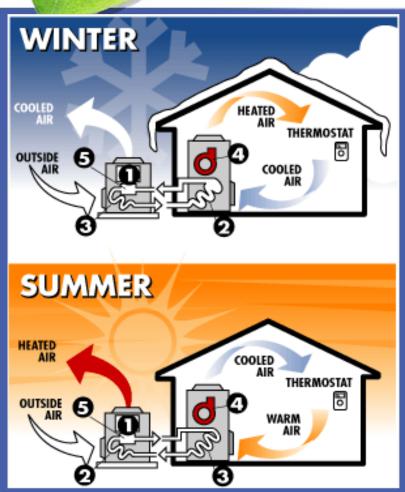
- In-floor radiant panels
- Ceiling mounted radiant panels
- Wall-mounted room heaters







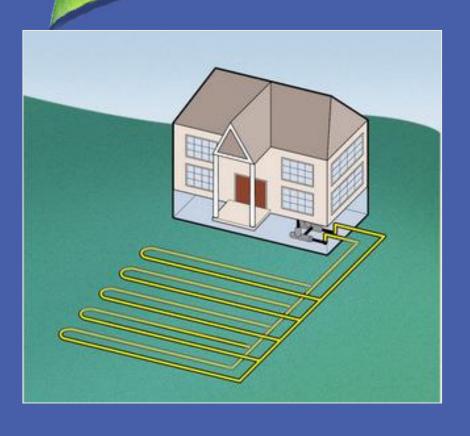
#### **Heat Pumps**



 Mostly installed where there is primary demand for cooling



### **Heat Pumps**



Ground Source Heat Pumps



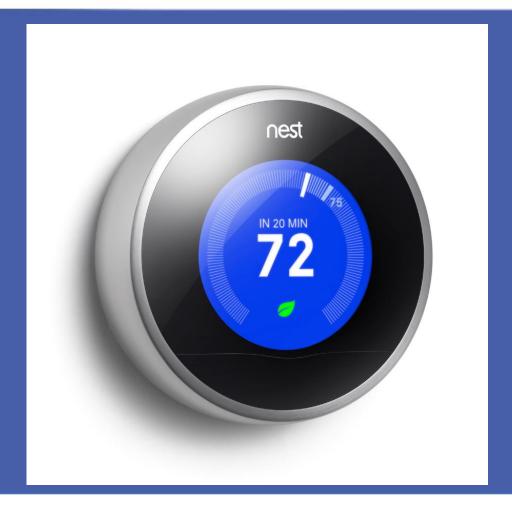
### Mini-splits



- Use small individual indoor units in each room
  - Eliminates heat loss through ductwork
- Control for each unit
- Have equipment efficiencies in the 3.2 COP range



### Occupant Temperature Controls





#### Distribution

#### Two methods of heat distribution:

- Forced air duct systems
- Hydronic systems



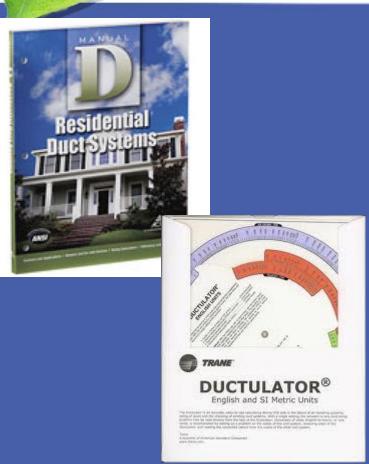
#### Forced Air Duct Systems

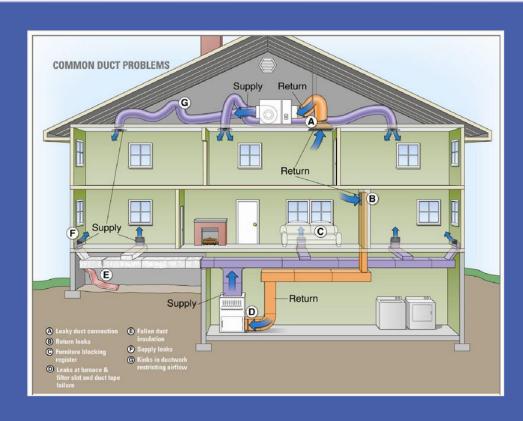
Use an distribution or duct system to circulate heated or cooled air





### **Duct Design**









#### **Duct Materials**

















#### Duct and Register Locations

Recommendation:
 Install air handler unit and distribution system inside the building envelope and in the conditioned space of the house.





#### **Cooling with Natural Ventilation**

Design the home to allow breezes to flow.





- Ductwork in unconditioned space must be:
  - Sealed
  - Insulated
  - Close to leak free



Some green homes will also attempt to be an ENERGY STAR® Qualified Home.

Most of the following pictures are from ENERGY STAR's V3 guidelines.





















Not a best practice

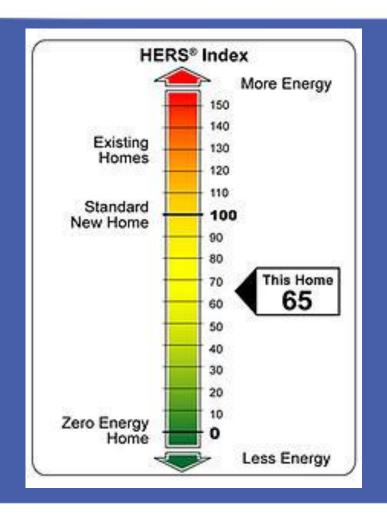




Chase is not large enough for the duct



#### What is a HERS Index?





#### What is a HERS Index?

WHAT IS INCLUDED IN A HERS INDEX		
Envelope		
Floors	Windows	Roof
Foundation type	# & size of windows	Roof configuration / slope
Insulation value	Tint / U-factor	Roof material / color
Perimeter / area	Type of frame	Attic details
Floor covering	Overhang details	Conditioned ceiling area
Walls	Ceilings	Solar absorbance
Orientation	Ceiling style	Roof deck insulation level
Area	Insulation value	Radiant barrier system
Insulation value	Area	Attic ventilation ratio
Doors	Garage	Infiltration
Door area / U value	Attached or not	Building envelope leak- age
	Equipment	
Cooling	Ducts	Appliances and Lights
System type	Insulation value	Programmable thermo- stat
Capacity	Duct location	Refrigerator
SEER	Air handler location	% flourescent lighting
Hot Water	Amount of leakage	Ceiling fans
Type / location	Duct surface area	Dishwasher
Efficiency	Heating	Photovoltaics
Daily usage	System type	Modules
Set temperature	Efficiency	Inverter
Solar or heat recovery	Capacity	Batteries



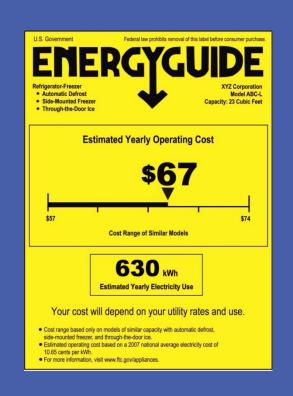
#### What is a HERS Index?







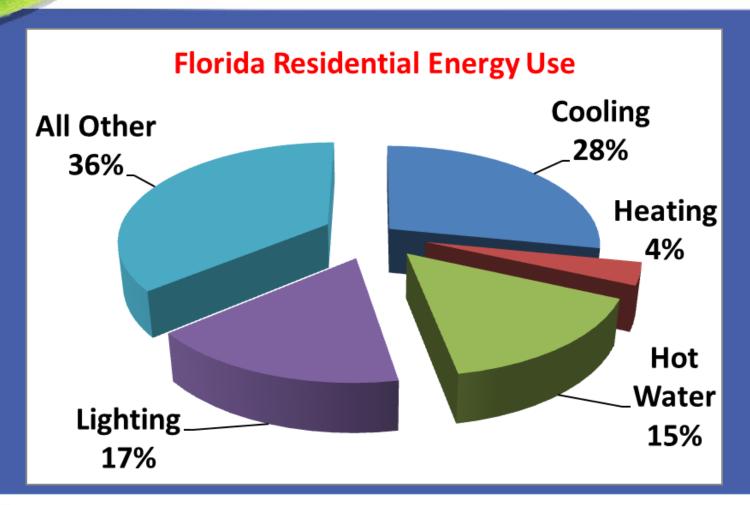








#### Home Energy Use in Florida





#### Florida vs. U.S. Use

#### Where Does My Money Go? Annual Energy Bill for a typical Single Family Home is approximately \$2,200. 11% Heating Cooling 4% 29% Water Heating Appliances (includes refrigerator, dishwasher, 12% clothes washer and dryer) Lighting Electronics (includes computer and monitor and TV and DVD player) 13% Other\* (includes external power adapters, telephony, set-top boxes, ceiling 14% fans, vent fans and home audio)



#### Water Heaters—Learning Objectives

- How important is water heating to reducing energy consumption
- What are the 5 basic types of water heating systems
- What are the 4 basic fuels for these systems
- What is efficient delivery and why is it important



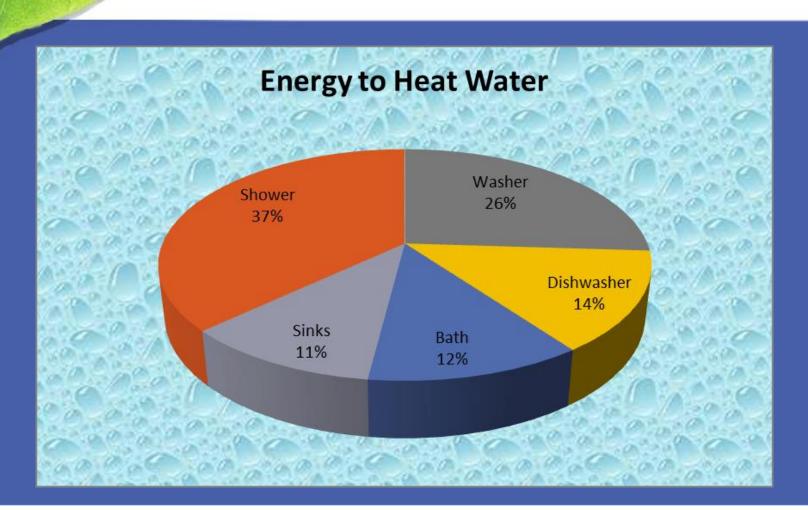


15%

10%

50%







#### Water Heaters





Tankless Water Heater



Hybrid Water Heater



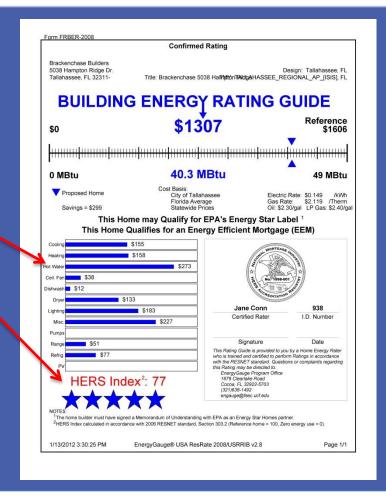
Energy Star Water Heater





## Water Heater Energy Use

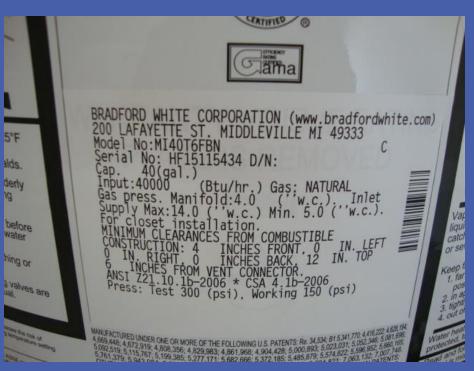
HERS index with tanked gas water heater





# **Tank Water Heaters**

#### Conventional Tank Type







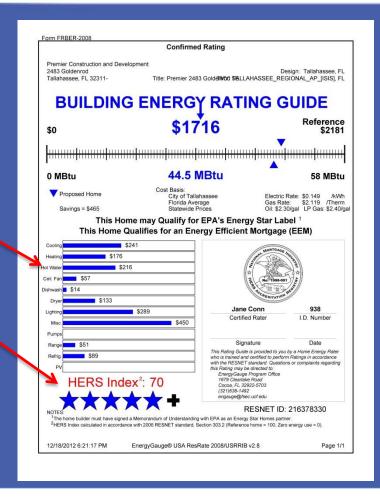
#### Tankless Water Heaters







HERS index with tankless water heater



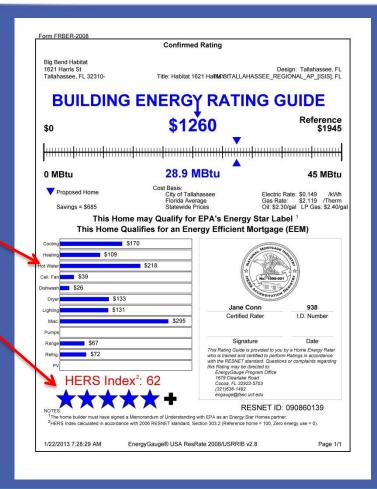


# Heat Pump Water Heaters





HERS with a heat pump water heater





















Water Heater Type	Efficiency (EF)	Installed Cost <sup>1</sup>	Yearly Energy Cost <sup>2</sup>	Life (years) <sup>3</sup>	Total Cost (Over 13 Years) <sup>4</sup>
Conventional gas storage	0.6	\$850	\$350	13	\$5,394
High-efficiency gas storage	0.65	\$1,025	\$323	13	\$5,220
Minimum Efficiency electric storage	0.9	\$750	\$463	13	\$6,769
High-eff. electric storage	0.95	\$820	\$439	13	\$6,528
Demand gas	0.82	\$1,600	\$256	13	\$4,925
Electric heat pump water heater	2.2	\$1,660	\$190	13	\$4,125
Solar with electric back-up	1.2	\$4,800	\$175	13	\$7,072



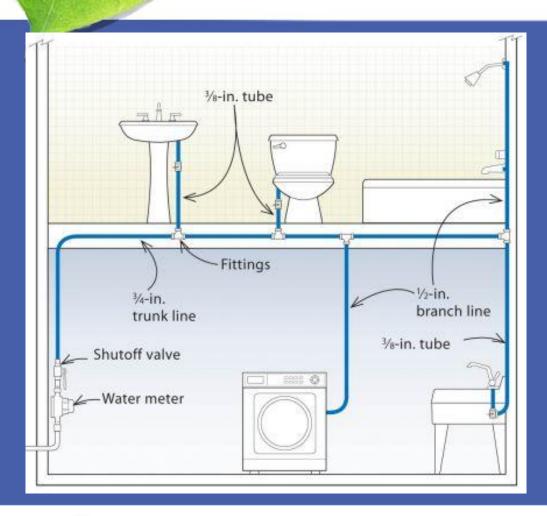








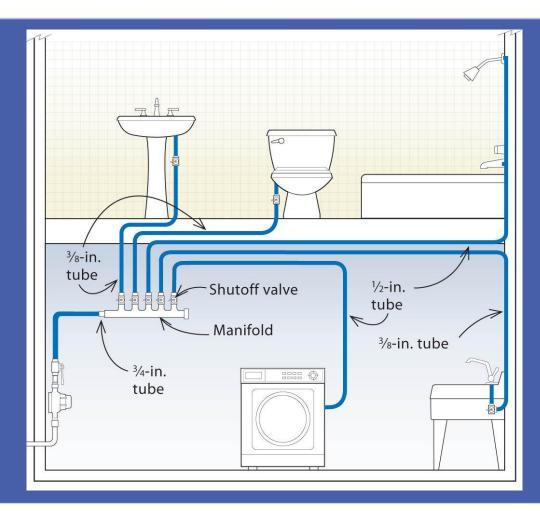




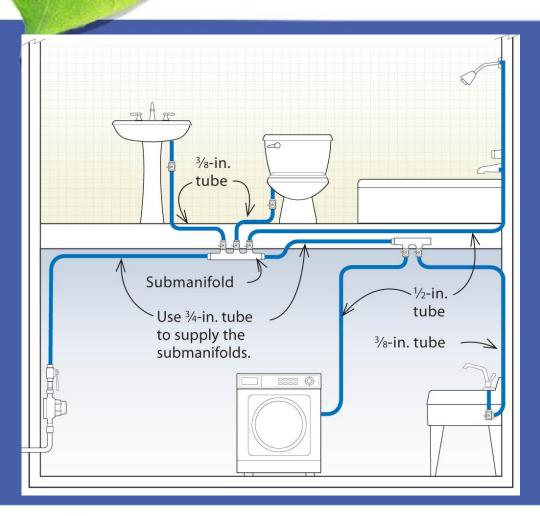
Typical trunk and branch system



Home run manifold system

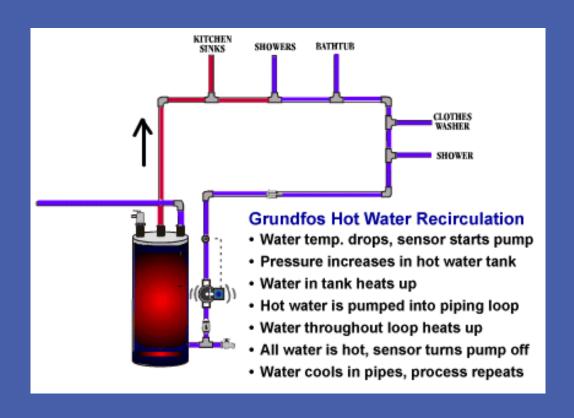






# Submanifold system



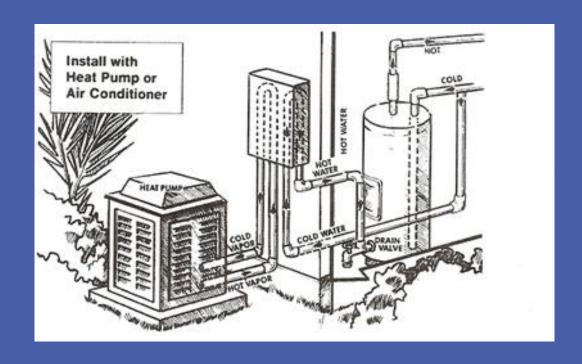














#### Review

- On average, what portion of your energy usage is attributable to heating water?
- What are the five basic types of water heating systems?
- What are the four basic fuels for these systems?
- What is efficient delivery and why is it important?



- Lighting—Learning Objectives
  - Why do we need lighting?
  - How much of a home's energy usage can be attributed to conventional lighting?
  - What are the important concepts of lighting?















#### **EISA**

# Energy Independence and Security Act Of 2007

Today's Bulbs	After the Standard	Standard Effective Date
100 watt	≤ 72 watts	1-Jan-12
75 watt	≤ 53 watts	1-Jan-13
60 watt	≤ 43 watts	1-Jan-14
40 watt	≤ 29 watts	1-Jan-14











**Lighting Efficacy** 

Lumens ÷ Watts = Efficacy

75 watt incandescent 1100 lumens ÷ 100 watts = 11











**Lighting Efficacy** 

Lumens ÷ Watts = Efficacy

75 Watt Halogen 1100 lumens ÷ 75 watts = .14













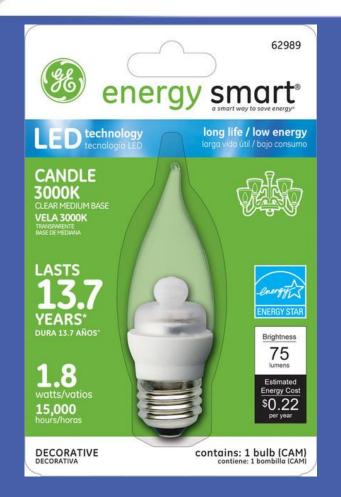


**Lighting Efficacy** 

Lumens ÷ Watts = Efficacy

75 Watt CFLs 1100 lumens ÷ 23 watts = 47.8











**Lighting Efficacy** 

Lumens ÷ Watts = Efficacy

75 Watt LEDs 1100 lumens ÷ 17 watts = 64.7





#### **Color Temperature**

3600-5500 = cool

2700-3000 = warm, and best for most indoor task lighting









#### **Color Rendition**

Fair
50–60 CRI
Standard Warm White Fluorescent
Standard Cool White Fluorescent
60–70 CRI
Premium High Pressure Sodium
Conventional Metal Halide

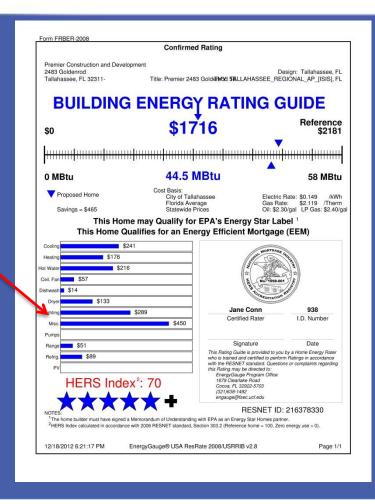
Better 70–80 CRI Thin Coat Tri-Phospher Fluorescent

Best 80–90 White High Pressure Sodium Warm Metal Halide Thick Coat Tri-Phospher Fluorescent 90–100 High CRI Fluorescents Incandescent and Tungsten-Halogen



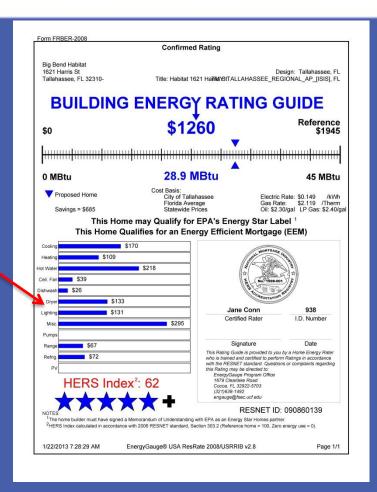


Less than
20% energy
efficient
lighting





80% energy efficient lighting



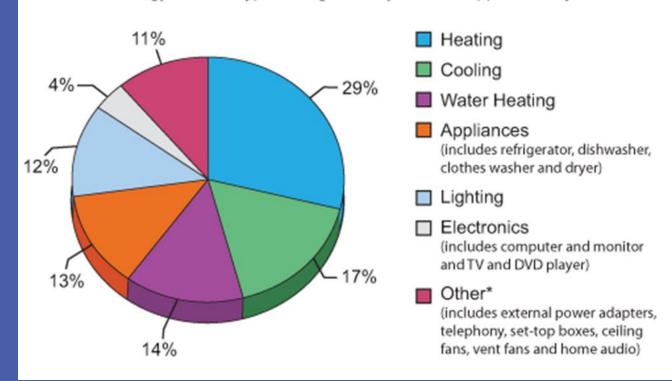


- Lighting—Review
  - Why do we need lighting?
  - How much of a home's energy usage can be attributed to conventional lighting?
  - What are the important concepts of lighting?



#### Where Does My Money Go?

Annual Energy Bill for a typical Single Family Home is approximately \$2,200.





#### **Appliance Learning Objectives**

- What appliances are ENERGY STAR labeled—and which are not?
- What minimum increase in efficiency over industry standard must these labeled appliances meet?





ENERGY STAR certified refrigerators are required to use about 15% less energy than non-certified models.



ENERGY STAR certified clothes washers use about 20% less energy and 35% less water than

regular washers.







A new, ENERGY STAR qualified dishwasher will save, on average, 1,300 gallons of water over its lifetime.



Freezers that have earned the ENERGY STAR are at least 10 percent more energy efficient than the minimum federal standard.









Adult beverages anyone?

















So what's missing?







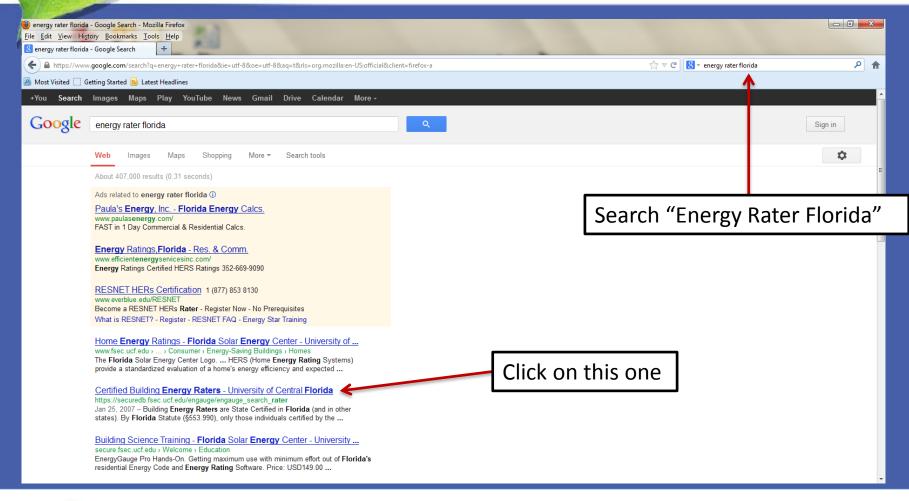
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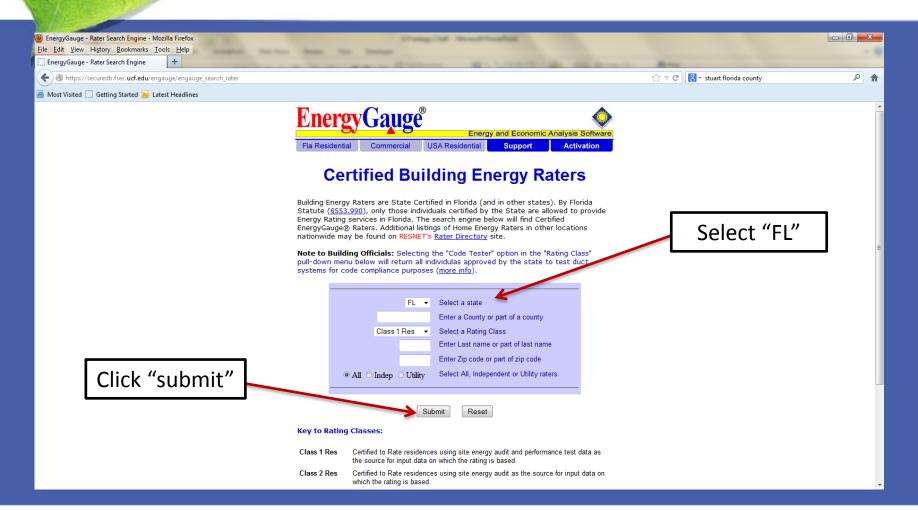


- Verifying Energy Performance Learning
   Objectives
  - How is a home designed for energy efficiency?
  - What is modeling?
  - How are homes tested?











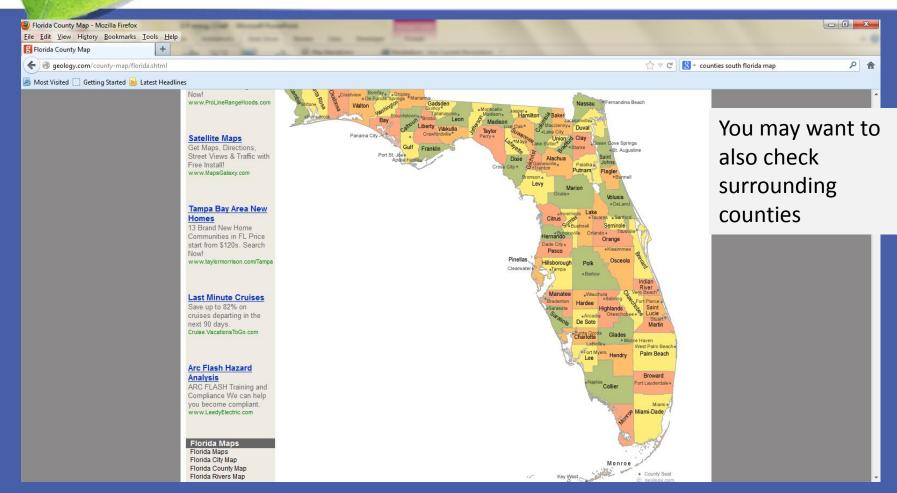




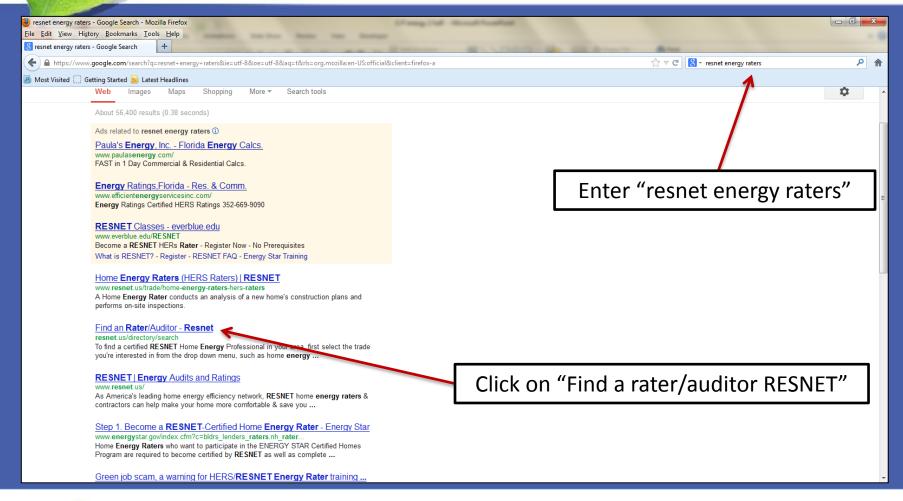


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	Most Visited Getting Started La Latest Headlines										
	usiness: 352/622-1067 ax: 352/622-9797	Ocala FL 34470 County: Marion	Alachua, Citrus, Lake, Levy, Marion, Sumter	4							
MechaniCalcs LLC Bu	mail: MechaniCalcs@gmail.com usiness: 386-503-0449 ax:		Alachua, Baker, Bay, Bradford, Brevard, Broward, Calhoun, Charlotte, Citrus, Clay, Collier, Columbia, DeSoto, Dixie, Duval, Escambia, Flagler, Franklin, Gadsden, Gilchrist, Glades, Gulf, Hamilton, Hardee, Hendry, Hemando, Highlands, Hillsborough, Holmes, Indian River, Jackson, Jefferson, Lafayette, Lake, Lee, Leon, Levy, Liberty, Madison, Manatee, Marion, Martin, Miami-Dade, Monroe, Nassau, Okaloosa, Okechobee, Orange, Osceola, Palm Beach, Pasco, Pinellas, Polk, Putnam, Santa Rosa, Sarasota, Seminole, St. Johns, St. Lucie, Sumter, Suwannee, Taylor, Union, Volusia, Wakulla, Walton, Washington								
Healthy Homes for Bu	usiness: 772/287-6639 ax: 772/781-0707	4157 SW Oakhaven Ln Palm City FL 34990 County: Martin	Martin, St. Lucie								
SunCool Energy Co CLASS: R1,PNC Bu	eb: www.suncoolenergy.com	County: Martin	Alachua, Baker, Bay, Bradford, Brevard, Broward, Calhoun, Charlotte, Citrus, Clay, Collier, Columbia, DeSoto, Disie, Duval, Escambia, Flaglet, Franklin, Gadsden, Gilchrist, Glades, Gulf, Hamilton, Hardee, Hendry, Hermando, Highlands, Hillsborough, Holmes, Indian River, Jackson, Jefferson, Lafayette, Lake, Lee, Leon, Levy, Liberty, Madison, Manatee, Marion, Martin, Miami-Dade, Monroe, Nassau, Okaloosa, Okeechobee, Orange, Osceola, Palm Beach, Pasco, Pinellas, Polk, Putnam, Santa Rosa, Sarasota, Seminole, St. Johns, St. Lucie, Sumter, Suwannee, Taylor, Union, Volusia, Wakulla, Walton, Washington								
Chelco Bu	ax: 850/892-9243	PO Box 512 DeFuniak Springs FL 32435 County: Okaloosa	Holmes, Okaloosa, Santa Rosa, Walton								
Essential Rating LLC Bu	usiness: 813/361-1271	PO Box 771322 Orlando FL 32877 County: Orange	Hillsborough								
E3 Building Sciences Bu	mail: dnburch@yahoo.com usiness: 407/790-8841 ax:	2519 Holly Pine Cir Orlando FL 32820 County: Orange	Alachua, Baker, Bay, Bradford, Brevard, Broward, Calhoun, Charlotte, Citrus, Clay, Collier, Columbia, DeSoto, Dixie, Duval, Escambia, Flagler, Franklin, Gadsden, Gilchrist, Glades, Gulf, Hamilton, Hardee, Hendry, Hemando, Highlands, Hillsborough, Holmes, Indian River, Jackson, Jefferson, Lafayette, Lake, Lee, Leon, Levy, Liberty, Madison, Manatee, Marion, Martin, Miami-Dade, Monroe, Nassau, Okaloosa, Okechobee, Orange, Osceola, Palm Beach, Pasco, Pinellas, Polk, Putnam, Santa Rosa, Sarasota, Seminole, St. Johns, St. Lucie, Sumter, Suwannee, Taylor, Union, Volusia, Wakulla, Walton, Washington								
Certified Energy Audits Bu	mail: gredbird@cfl.rr.com usiness: 407/473-0784 ax:	PO Box 140006 Orlando FL 32814 County: Orange	Alachua, Brevard, Citrus, Clay, Duval, Flagler, Hemando, Hillsborough, Indian River, Lake, Lee, Manatee, Marion, Nassau, Okeechobee, Orange, Osceola, Pasco, Pinellas, Polk, Sarasota, Seminole, St. Johns, St. Lucie, Sumter, Volusia								
Simply Sustain Inc Bu	usiness: 407/222-3104	PO Box 547821 Orlando FL 32854 County: Orange	Brevard, Flagler, Highland, Hillsborough, Lake, Marion, Orange, Osceola, Pinellas, Polk, Seminole, Sumter, Volusia								
Rinaldi's A/C Bu	mail: kylehenderson2001@yahoo.com jusiness: 407/275-0705	14416 Clarkson Dr Orlando FL 32828	Orange, Osceola, Polk, Seminole, Volusia	+							



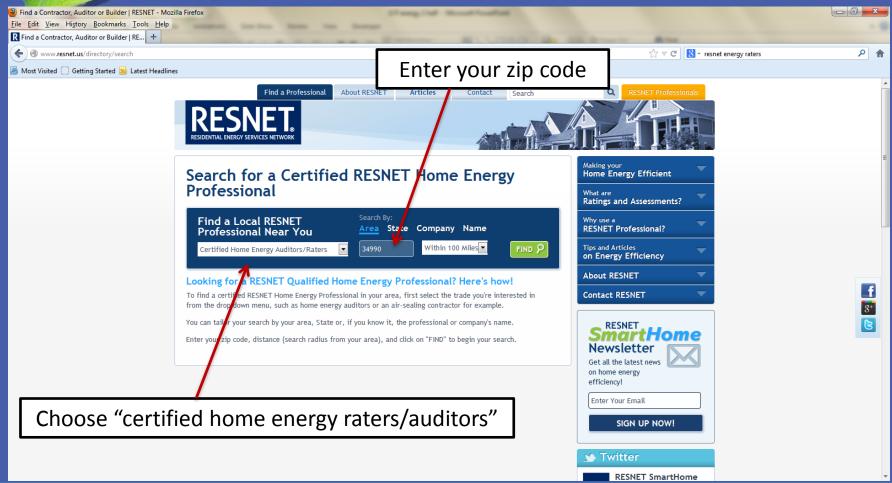






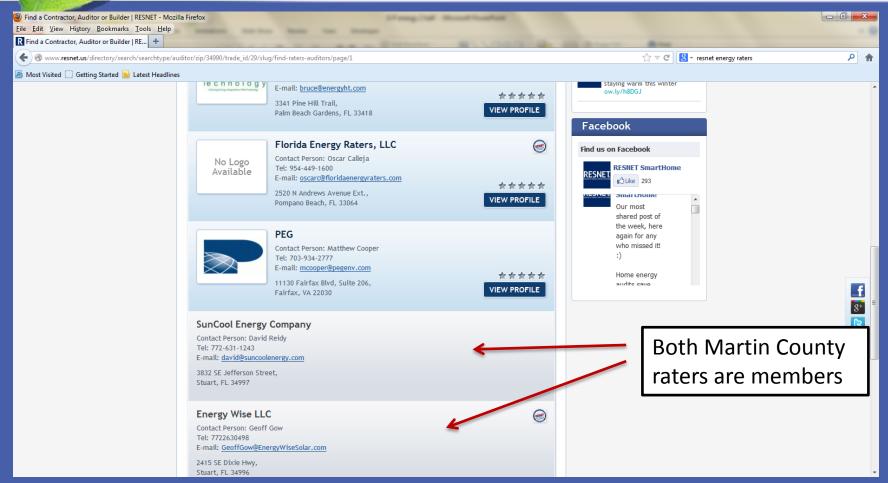












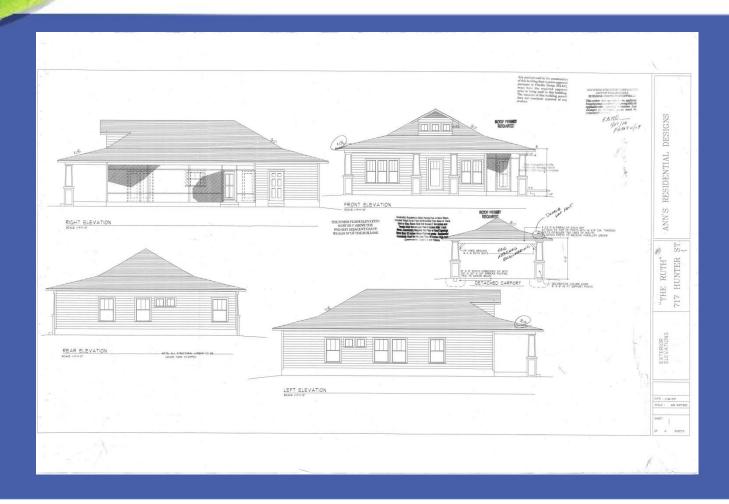




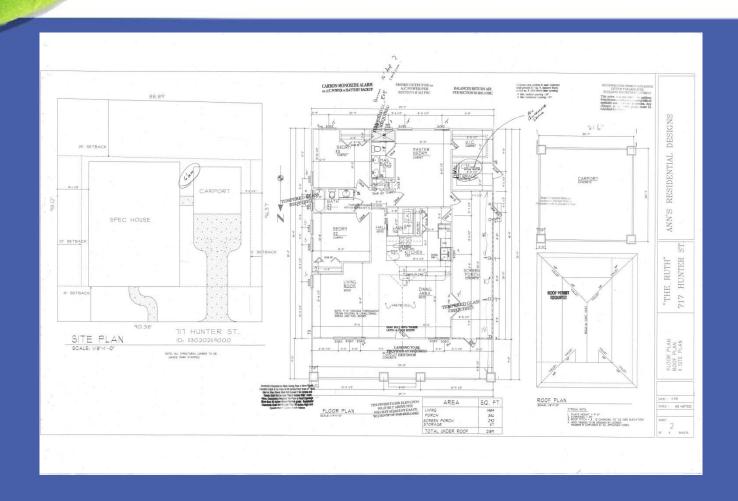




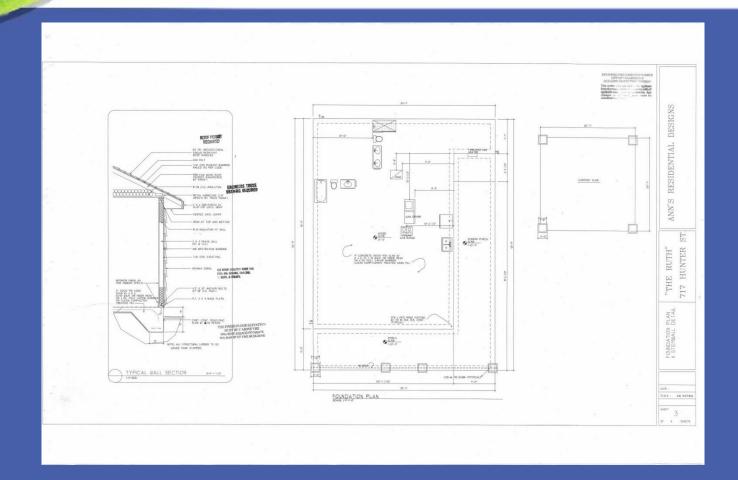




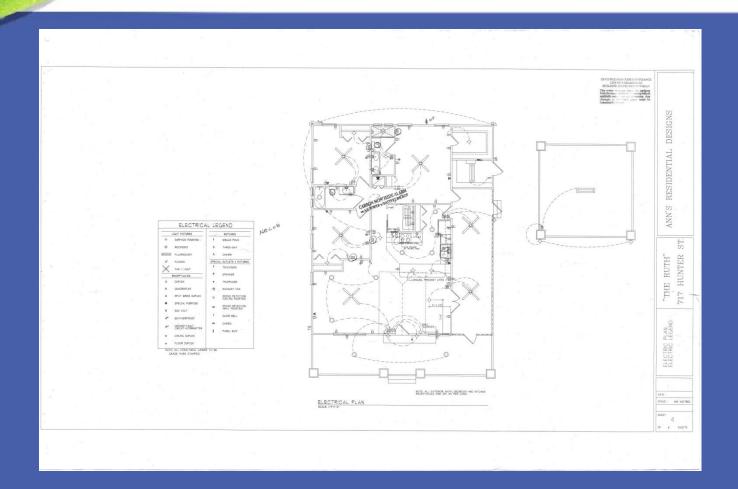






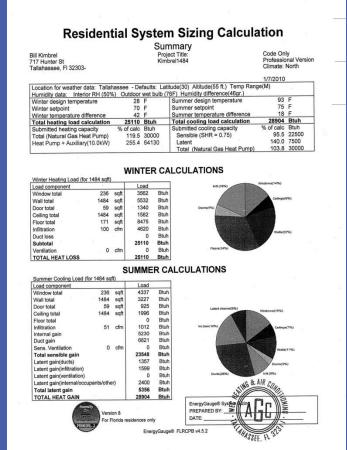






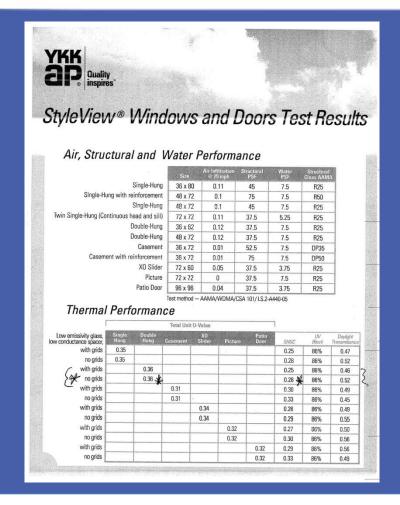








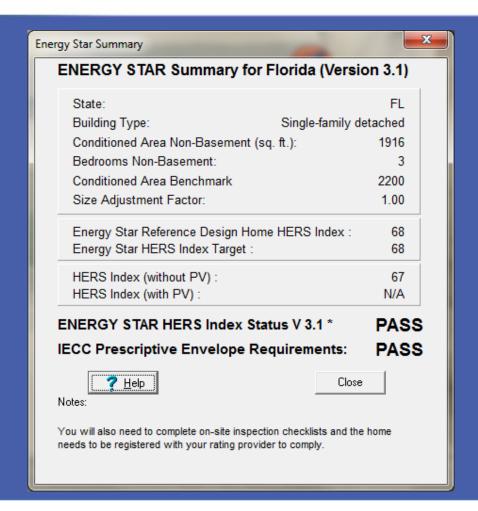




























#### ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes, Version 3 (Rev. 06) Thermal Enclosure System Rater Checklist

Home Address: City:	Must	Builder	State:	
1. High-Performance Fenestration	Correct	Verified 1	Verified	N/
1.1 Prescriptive Path: Fenestration shall meet or exceed ENERGY STAR requirements 2				
1.2 Performance Path: Fenestration shall meet or exceed 2009 IECC requirements 2				
2. Quality-Installed Insulation				
2.1 Ceiling, wall, floor, and slab insulation levels shall comply with one of the following options:				_
2.1.1 Meet or exceed 2009 IECC levels 3,4.5 OR;				
2.1.2 Achieve ≤ 13.3% of the total UA resulting from the U-factors in 2009 IECC Table 402.1.3, excluding fenestration and per guidance in Footnote 3d. AND home shall achieve ≤ 50% of the infiltration rate in Exhibit 1 of the National Program Requirements <sup>1,5</sup>			0	
22. All ceiling, wall, floor, and slab insulation shall achieve RESNET-defined Grade I installation or, alternatively, Grade I for surfaces that contain a layer of continuous, air impermeable insulation  § R-3 in Climate Zones 1 to 4, § R-5 in Climate Zones 5 to 8  7. Fully Alliand Air Barriers	_	0	0	-
All each insulated location noted below, a complete air barrier shall be provided that is fully aligned with  • All interior or exterior surface of ceilings in c limited Zones 1-3; all interior surface of ceilings in the interior edge of aftic eave in all climate Zones unique, a wind baffle halt extends to the full height of it interior edge of aftic eave in all climate Zones; and a wind a latter at extends to the full height of it and a state of the surface of walks in all climate zones; and all so all tritler outside of walks in all climate Zones; and so all tritler outside of walks in the  All exterior surface of walks in all climate zones; and so all tritler outside of walks and the surface of walks for Climate Zone  • All exterior surface of walks in all climate zones; and so all tritler outside of walks and the surface of walks for Climate Zone  • All exterior surface of walks in all climate zones; and so all tritler outside of walks and the surface of walks of the climate zones; and the surface of walks of the climate zones; and the surface of walks of the climate zones; and the surface of walks of the climate zones; and the surface of walks of the climate zones; and the surface of walks of the climate zones; and the surface of walks of the climate zones; and	te Zones 4- le insulation in adjacent es 4-8 <sup>7</sup>	-8. Also, incl i. Include a l bays	ude barrier baffle in eve	
<ul> <li>At interior surface of floors in all climate zones, including supports to ensure permanent contact and</li> <li>A Marie 10</li> </ul>	1 blocking a	t exposed e	age ***	
3.1 Walls 10 3.1.1 Walls behind showers and tubs				
3.1.1 Walls behind showers and tubs 3.1.2 Walls behind fireplaces			0	-
3.1.3 Attic knee walls		-		-
3.1.4 Skylight shaft walls		0	-	-
3.1.5 Wall adjoining porch roof		-	_	-
3.1.6 Staircase walls			_	-
3.1.7 Double walls				-
3.1.8 Garage rim / band joist adjoining conditioned space				
3.1.9 All other exterior walls				
3.2 Floors				
3.2.1 Floor above garage				
3.2.2 Cantilevered floor				
3.2.3 Floor above unconditioned basement or unconditioned crawlspace				
3.3 Ceilings 10				_
3.3.1 Dropped ceiling / soffit below unconditioned attic				
3.3.2 All other ceilings				
4. Reduced Thermal Bridging				
4.1 For insulated ceilings with attic space above (i.e., non-cathedralized), Grade I insulation extends to the inside face of the exterior wall below at these levels: CZ 1-5: ≥ R-21; CZ 6-8: ≥ R-30 <sup>11</sup> 4.2 For slabs on grade in CZ 4 and higher, 100% of slab edge insulated to ≥ R-5 at the depth				
specified by the 2009 IECC and aligned with thermal boundary of the walls <sup>4,5</sup> 4.3 Insulation beneath attic platforms (e.g., HVAC platforms, walkways) ≥ R-21 in CZ 1-5; ≥ R-30 in				-
CZ 6-8				-
4.4 Reduced thermal bridging at above-grade walls separating conditioned from unconditioned space (in the following options: 12,13	im / band je	oists exempl	led) using o	one c
4.4.1 Continuous rigid insulation, insulated siding, or combination of the two; ≥ R-3 in Climate Zones 1 to 4, ≥ R-5 in Climate Zones 5 to 8 <sup>14,15</sup> , OR;				-
4.4.2 Structural Insulated Panels (SIPs), OR;				
4.4.3 Insulated Concrete Forms (ICFs), OR;				
4.4.4 Double-wall framing <sup>16</sup> , <b>OR</b> ;				
4.4.5 Advanced framing, including all of the items below:		-	-	_
4.4.5a All corners insulated ≥ R-6 to edge <sup>17</sup> , AND;				-
4.4.5b All headers above windows & doors insulated 18, AND;				-
4.4.5. Francisco Novika del all'infordanza E descri 19 AND:			0	
4.4.5c Framing limited at all windows & doors 19, AND;				_ C
<ul> <li>4.4.5c Framing limited at all windows &amp; doors <sup>19</sup>, AND;</li> <li>4.4.5c All interior / exterior wall intersections insulated to the same R-value as the rest of the exterior wall <sup>20</sup>, AND;</li> <li>4.4.5e Minimum stud spacing of 16 in. o.c. for 2x4 framing in all Climate Zones and, in Climate</li> </ul>		A 10000		-

#### ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes, Version 3 (Rev. 06) Thermal Enclosure System Rater Checklist

5. Air Sealing			Builder Verified <sup>1</sup>	Rater Verified	N/A
5.1 Penetrations to unconditioned space fully sealed with solid bi	locking or flashing as needed and gaps	sealed wit	h caulk or fo	am	
5.1.1 Duct / flue shaft					
5.1.2 Plumbing / piping					
5.1.3 Electrical wiring					
5.1.4 Bathroom and kitchen exhaust fans					
5.1.5 Recessed lighting fixtures adjacent to unconditioned s gasketed. Also, if in insulated ceiling without attic abo insulated to ≥ R-10 in CZ 4 and higher to minimize co	ove, exterior surface of fixture	0	_		0
5.1.6 Light tubes adjacent to unconditioned space include le conditioned space and are fully gasketed <sup>22</sup>	0			0	
5.2 Cracks in the building envelope fully sealed					
5.2.1 All sill plates adjacent to conditioned space sealed to foam, or equivalent material. Foam gasket also place concrete or masonry and adjacent to conditioned spa	ed beneath sill plate if resting atop	0	-		0
5.2.2 At top of walls adjoining unconditioned spaces, cont using caulk, foam, or equivalent material	linuous top plates or sealed blocking	0			0
5.2.3 Drywall sealed to top plate at all unconditioned attic / drywall adhesive (but not other construction adhesive apply sealant directly between drywall and top plate the attic above.	es), or equivalent material. Either	0	0		0
5.2.4 Rough opening around windows & exterior doors see	aled with caulk or foam 24				
5.2.5 Marriage joints between modular home modules at a sealed with gasket and foam	all exterior boundary conditions fully	0	_	0	0
5.2.6 All seams between Structural Insulated Panels (SIPs manufacturer's instructions				0	0
5.2.7 In multifamily buildings, the gap between the drywall shaft wall (i.e. common wall) and the structural framing between units fully sealed at all exterior boundaries				0	0
5.3 Other openings					
5.3.1 Doors adjacent to unconditioned space (e.g., attics, g conditions gasketed or made substantially air-tight		0		0	0
5.3.2 Attic access panels and drop-down stairs equipped w that is gasketed (i.e., not caulked) to produce continu accessing the attic <sup>25</sup>	vith a durable ≥ R-10 insulated cover uous air seal when occupant is not			0	0
5.3.3 Whole-house fans equipped with a durable ≥ R-10 in either installed on the house side or mechanically op		_		0	0
Rater Name: R	ater Pre-Drywall Inspection Date:	F	Rater Initials:		
Rater Name: R	tater Final Inspection Date:	F	Rater Initials:		- 177
18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 1	uilder Inspection Date:		Builder Initial:		

- At the discretion of the Rater, the builder may verify up to eight items specified in this Checklist. When exercised, the builder's responsibility will be formally acknowledged by the builder signing off on the checklist for the Item(s) that they verified.
- responsibility will be formally acknowledged by the builder signing off on the checkist for the lettings) that they verified.

  For Prescriptive Path: All windows, doors, and skylights shall meet or exceed ENERGY STAR Program Requirements for Residential Windows, Doors, and Skylights Version 5.0 as outlined at <u>www.energyster.gov/windows</u>. For Performance Path: All windows, doors and skylights shall meet or exceed the component U-factor and SHGC requirements specified in the 2009 IECC Table 402.1.1 if no NFRC rating is noted on the window or in product literature (e.g., for she-built fenestration), select the Lifector and SHGC value from Tables 4 and 14, respectively, in 2005 ASPRAE Fundamentals, Chapter 3.1 Select the highest U-factor and SHGC value among the values listed and 14, respectively, in 2005 ASPRAE Fundamentals, Chapter 3.1 Select the highest U-factor and SHGC value among the values listed to the state of the sta
  - a. An area-weighted average of fenestration products shall be permitted to satisfy the U-factor requirements;
  - b. An area-weighted average of fenestration products ≥ 50% glazed shall be permitted to satisfy the SHGC requirements;
  - 15 square feet of glazed fenestration per dwelling unit shall be exempt from the U-factor and SHGC requirements, and shall be
    excluded from area-weighted averages calculated using a) and b), above;
  - d. One side-hinged opaque door assembly up to 24 square feet in area shall be exempt from the U-factor requirements and shall be excluded from area-weighted averages calculated using a) and b), above;
  - Fenestration fulfilized as part of a passive solar design shall be exempt from the U-factor and SHGC requirements, and shall be excluded from area-weighted averages calculated using a) and b), above. Exempt windows shall be facing within 45 degrees of true South and directly coupled to thermal storage mass than has a hear clapacity > 20 but fix\*F and provided in a ratio of at least 3 sq. ft. per sq. ft. of South facing fenestration. Generally, thermal mass materials will be at least 2 in. thick.

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Home Address:	uality Installation			State:	
System Description <sup>2</sup>	Cooling system for tem	norany occupant load?	<sup>3</sup> Ves □ No		_
1. Whole-Building Mechanical Ventilation Desig		porary occupant load	Builder Verified 5	Cont. Verified <sup>6</sup>	N/A
1.1 Ventilation system installed that has been design		ulrements including	1000		100000
but not limited to, requirements in Items 1.2-1.5.				0	~
1.2 Ventilation system does not utilize an intake duct t is designed to operate intermittently and automati when not in use (e.g., motorized damper).				0	-
1.3 Documentation is attached with ventilation system of each ventilation cycle.	type, location, design rate, and freq	uency and duration	_	_	
1.4 If present, continuously-operating vent. & exhaust	fans designed to operate during all	occupiable hours.			
1.5 If present, intermittently-operating whole-house ve		tically operate at	п	п	п
least once per day and at least 10% of every 24 ho					_
<ol> <li>Heating &amp; Cooling System Design <sup>4,8</sup> - Paramet lemperatures, frome orientation, number of bedrooms, co- infiftration rate, mechanical ventilation rate, presence of M</li> </ol>	nditioned floor area, window area, pre-	dominant window perfor	mance and in	nsulation leve	ls.
	2009 ASHRAE □ Other:	stature seponts = 10 1	П		T -
	Manual D				-
	OEM Rec.  Other:				-
2.4 Outdoor Design Temperatures:   Location:	1%: °F 99%:	°E		0	-
2.5 Orientation of Rated Home (e.g., North, South):	176 F 9976				-
2.6 Number of Occupants Served by System: 10		-			÷.
2.7 Conditioned Floor Area in Rated Home:		Sa. Ft.			-
2.8 Window Area in Rated Home:		Sq. Ft.			-
2.9 Predominant Window SHGC in Rated Home: 11		_ 54. 11.			-
	186-4	-		0	-
	ummer: Winter:	CFM			-
2.11 Mechanical Ventilation Rate in Rated Home:					-
2.12 Design Latent Heat Gain:		BTUh		- 0	٠
2.13 Design Sensible Heat Gain:		BTUh			-
2.14 Design Total Heat Gain:		BTUh			-
2.15 Design Total Heat Loss:		_BTUh			-
2.16 Design Airflow: 13		_CFM			
2.17 Design Duct Static Pressure: 14		_In. Water Column			
2.18 Full Load Calculations Report Attached 15					-
3. Selected Cooling Equipment, If Cooling Equip	ment to be installed				_
3.1 Condenser Manufacturer & Model: 3.2 Evaporator / Fan Coil Manufacturer & Model:	*				
3.3 AHRI Reference #: 16	*				
3.4 Listed Efficiency:	EER SEE	R			-
	ed orifice	.,			-
3.6 Refrigerant Type: □ R-					
	riable (ECM / ICM)   Other:				
3.8 Listed Sys. Latent Capacity at Design Cond.: 18		BTUh			
3.9 Listed Sys. Sensible Capacity at Design Cond.: <sup>18</sup>		BTUh			
3.10 Listed Sys. Total Capacity at Design Cond <sup>18</sup>		BTUh			
3.11 If Listed Sys. Latent Capacity (Value 3.8) ≤ Design qualified dehumidifier installed					0
3.12 Listed Sys. Total Capacity (Value 3.10) is 95-115 nominal size (I, 19	% of Design Total Heat Gain (Value	2.14) or next			
3.13 AHRI Certificate Attached 16					
1. Selected Heat Pump Equipment, If Heatpump	to be installed			-	
1.1 AHRI Listed Efficiency: HSPF				-	
4.2 Performance at 17°F: Capacity BTUh	Efficiency: COP				

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5. Selected Furnace, If Furnace to be Installed	Builder Verified <sup>5</sup>	Cont. Verified 6	N
5.1 Furnace Manufacturer & Model:			
5.2 Listed Efficiency:AFUE			
5.3 Listed Output Heating Capacity:BTUh			
5.4 Listed Output Heat. Cap. (Value 5.3) is 100-140% of Design Total Heat Loss (Value 2.15) or next nominal size <sup>3,20</sup>			ī
6. Refrigerant Tests - Run system for 15 minutes before testing. Note: If outdoor ambient temperature at the condenser is 255°F or, if known, below the manufacturer-recommended min the cooling cycle, then the system shall include a TXV, and the contractor shall mark "NA" on the Checkist for Section 6	imum operat & 7. <sup>21</sup>	ing temperatu	ure I
6.1 Outdoor ambient temperature at condenser: °F DB			
6.2 Return-side air temperature inside duct near evaporator, during cooling mode: °F WB			1
6.3 Liquid line pressure: psig			1
6.4 Liquid line temperature: "F DB			
		-	-
		-	-
6.6 Suction line temperature: °F DB			_ [
7. Refrigerant Calculations			
For System with Thermal Expansion Valve (TXV):  7.1 Condenser saturation temperature:  °F DB (Using Value 6.3)			
7.1 Condenser saturation temperature: "F DB (Using Value 6.3) 7.2 Subcooling value: "F DB (Value 7.1 - Value 6.4)			-
		-	-
			-
7.4 Subcooling deviation: "F DB (Value 7.2 – Value 7.3)			
For System with Fixed Orifice:			_
7.5 Evaporator saturation temperature: "F DB (Using Value 6.5)			
7.6 Superheat value: °F DB (Value 6.6 – Value 7.5)			
7.7 OEM superheat goal: "F DB (Using superheat tables and Values 6.1 & 6.2)			
7.8 Superheat deviation: °F DB (Value 7.6 – Value 7.7)			
7.9 Value 7.4 is ± 3°F or Value 7.8 is ± 5°F			
7.10 An OEM test procedure has been used in place of sub-cooling or super-heat process and documentation has attached that defines this procedure	been		
8. Electrical Measurements - Taken at electrical disconnect while component is in operation			
8.1 Evaporator / air handler fan: amperage line voltage			
8.2 Condenser unit: amperage line voltage			
8.3 Electrical measurements within OEM-specified tolerance of nameplate value			
9. Air Flow Tests			
9.1 Air volume at evaporator: CFM			-
9.2 Test performed in which mode?  Heating  Cooling			0
9.3 Return duct static pressure: IWC Test Hole Location: <sup>22</sup>		-	0
9.4 Supply duct static pressure: IWC Test Hole Location: 22			-
9.5 Test hole locations are well-marked and accessible 22	_	-	-
9.5 I star hole locations are well-minded and accessible 9.6 Airflow volume at evaporator (Value 9.1), at fan design speed and full operating load, ± 15% of the airflow required system design (Value 2.16) or within range recommended by OEM	ired per		
10. Air Balance			-
10.1 Balancing report prepared and attached indicating the room name and design airflow for each supply and retuindividual room airflows measured and documented through one of the following options:		In addition,	fina
10.1.1 Measured by contractor using ANSI / ACCA 5 QI-2007 protocol, documented by contractor on the bala report, & verified by contractor to be within the greater of ± 20% or 25 CFM of design airflow <sup>23</sup> , OR;	611116 E		1
10.1.2 To be measured, documented, and verified by a Rater per Item 1.4.2 of the HVAC System QI Rater Ch	ecklist		1
11. System Controls			
11.1 Operating and safety controls meet OEM requirements			
<ol> <li>Drain pan</li> <li>12.1 Corrosion-resistant drain pan, properly sloped to drainage system, included with each HVAC component that</li> </ol>	produces		1
condensate 24			_
HVAC Company Name:	Date	e:	
	Date		



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#### ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes, Version 3 (Rev. 06) HVAC System Quality Installation Rater Checklist <sup>1</sup>

Home Address:City:		_ State: _	
1. Review of HVAC System Quality Installation Contractor Checklist <sup>2</sup>	Must Correct	Rater Verified	N//
1.1 HVAC System Quality Installation Contractor Checklist completed in its entirety and collected for records, along with documentation on ventilation system (1.3), full load calculations (2.18), and AHRI certificate (3.13).	0	_	0
1.2 Review the following parameters related to system cooling design, selection, and installation from the HVAC Co (Contractor Checklist Item # indicated in parenthesis): <sup>3</sup>	ntractor Ch	ecklist	
1.2.1 Outdoor design temperatures (2.4) are equal to the 1% and 99% ACCA Manual J design temperatures for contractor-designated design location 4		п	0
1.2.2 Home orientation (2.5) matches orientation of rated home			
1.2.3 Number of occupants (2.6) equals number of occupants in rated home <sup>5</sup>			
1.2.4 Conditioned floor area (2.7) is within ±10% of conditioned floor area of rated home			
1.2.5 Window area (2.8) is within ±10% of calculated window area of rated home	0		
1.2.6 Predominant window SHGC (2.9) is within 0.1 of predominant value in rated home <sup>6</sup>			
1.2.7 Listed latent cooling capacity (3.8) exceeds design latent heat gain (2.12)	0		
1.2.8 Listed sensible cooling capacity (3.9) exceeds design sensible heat gain (2.13)			0
1.2.9 Listed total cooling capacity (3.10) is 95-115% (or 95-125% for Heat Pumps in Climate Zones 4-8) of design total heat gain (2.14), or next nominal size?	0		0
1.2.10 HVAC manufacturer and model numbers on installed equipment, Contractor Checklist (3.1, 3.2, 5.1), and AHRI certificate or OEM catalog data all match.	0		
1.2.11 Using reported liquid line (6.3) or suction line (6.5) pressure, corresponding temperature (as determined using pressure /temperature chart for refigerant type) matches reported condenser (7.1) or evaporator (7.5) saturation temperature (± 3 degrees) <sup>§</sup>	0	0	0
1.2.12 Calculated subcooling (7.1 minus 6.4) value is within ±3 °F of the reported target temperature (7.3) or calculated superheat (6.6 minus 7.5) value is within ±5 °F of the reported target temperature (7.7). <sup>9</sup>	0		
1.3 Rater-verified supply & return duct static pressure ≤ 110% of contractor values (9.3, 9.4)	0		
1.4 Contractor-prepared balancing report indicating the room name and design airflow for each supply and return re for records. In addition, final individual room airflows measured and documented on balancing report through one of	gister collect the following	ted by Rat	er
1.4.1 Measured and documented by contractor (10.1.1), OR;			
1.4.2 Measured by Rater using Section 804.2 of the Mortgage Industry National HERS Standard, documented by Rater, & verified by Rater to be within the greater of ± 20% or 25 CFM of design airflow (10.1.2)		_	
1.5 HVAC contractor holds credentials necessary to complete the HVAC System QI Contractor Checklist 10			-
2. Duct Quality Installation - Applies to All Heating, Cooling, Ventilation, Exhaust, and Pressure Balancing	Ducts <sup>11</sup>		
2.1 Connections and routing of ductwork completed without kinks or sharp bends. 12	0	_	_
2.2 No excessive colled or looped flexible ductwork. 13	-	-	-
2.3 Flexible ducts in unconditioned space not installed in cavities smaller than outer duct diameter; in conditioned space not installed in cavities smaller than inner duct diameter	0	0	
2.4 Flexible ducts supported at intervals as recommended by mfr. but at a distance ≤ 5 ft.			-
2.5 Building cavities not used as supply or return ducts unless they meet items 3.2, 3.3, 4.1, and 4.2 of this Checklist.	0	0	
25. HVAC ducts, cardies used as ducts, and combustion inlets and outlets may pass perpendicularly through exterior valies but shall not be run within exterior valies turnes as least R-6 continuous insulation is provided on exterior side of the cavity, along with an interior and exterior air barrier where required by the Thermal Enclosure System Rater Checklist.			c
<ol> <li>Quantily &amp; location of supply and return duct terminals match contractor balancing report.</li> </ol>			-
2.8 Bedrooms pressure-balanced using any combination of transfer grills, jump ducts, dedcated return ducts, and for undercut doors to either; a provide 1 sq. in, of the errar opening for 1 CPM of supply air, as reported on the contractor-provided balancing report; or b) achieve a Ratie-measured pressure differentials 3 Pa (0.012 in, w.c.) with respect to the main body of the house when all bedroom doors are closed and all air handlers are operating. <sup>1,1,1,2</sup>		0	c
3. Duct Insulation - Applies to All Heating, Cooling, Supply Ventilation, and Pressure Balancing Ducts 16			
3.1 All connections to trunk ducts in unconditioned space are insulated.			С
3.2 Prescriptive Path: Supply ducts in unconditioned attic have insulation ≥ R-8.	_	0	
Performance Path: Supply ducts in unconditioned attic have insulation ≥ R-6.			

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#### ENERGY STAR Qualified Homes, Version 3 (Rev. 06) HVAC System Quality Installation Rater Checklist <sup>1</sup>

	age - Applies to All Heating, Cooling, a		Must Correct	Rater Verified	N/
	-measured duct leakage ≤ 8 CFM25 per				_ C
		25 per 100 sq. ft. of conditioned floor area. <sup>17,18</sup>			_ C
	ding Delivered Ventilation				
	sured ventilation rate is within 100-120%	of HVAC contractor design value (2.11). 19			_ E
6. Controls					
	produced when central HVAC fan is energ				_ C
	w is produced when the cooling cycle is				0
		is energized (set thermostat to "heat"). 20		0	0
		nclude readily accessible override controls.  nroom exhaust fan) or, if not, controls have been labeled.	-	-	-
	Air Inlets & Ventilation Source	froom exhaust ran) or, if not, controls have been labeled.	ш		
7.1 All ventilation	on air inlets located ≥10 ft. of stretched-s	tring distance from known contamination sources such as ption; ventilation air inlets in the wall ≥ 3 ft. from dryer the roof. <sup>72</sup>	0	0	,
7.2 Ventilation	air inlets ≥ 2 ft. above grade or roof deck nes 4-8 and not obstructed by snow, plar	in Climate Zones 1-3 or ≥ 4 ft. above grade or roof deck in ntings, condensing units or other material at time of	0	0	ľ
7.3 Ventilation	air inlets provided with rodent / insect sci	reen with ≤ 0.5 inch mesh. 24			1
7.4 Ventilation	air comes directly from outdoors, not from	m adjacent dwelling units, garages, crawlspaces, or attics.			1
	nanical Exhaust				
In each kitcher		ed that exhausts directly to the outdoors and meets one of th	e following	Rater-	
Location	Continuous Rate	Intermittent Rate 27			
8.1 Kitchen	≥ 5 ACH, based on kitchen volume 28	≥ 100 CFM and, if not integrated with range, also ≥ 5 ACH based on kitchen volume <sup>26,29</sup>			1
8.2 Bathroom	≥ 20 CFM	≥ 50 CFM			1
	e common exhaust duct, back-draft dam				E
8.4 Common e	xhaust duct not shared by fans in separa	ite dwellings. 30			1
		or ventless dryers equipped with a condensate drain.			1
		s for HVAC and Remote-Mounted Fans) 31			
airflow rate	required by Section 8 of this Checklist, u				1
required by	Section 8 of this Checklist.	by mfr. when producing no less than the minimum airflow	0	0	1
qualified; ur	nless rated flow rate ≥ 500 CFM.	nanical ventilation system shall be ENERGY STAR		_	1
	on Appliances				
or direct-v drafted fur procedure	ented. As an exception, naturally drafted maces, boilers, and water heaters, the Ro	n the home's pressure boundary are mechanically drafted equipment is allowed in Climate Zones 1-3. For naturally ater has followed RESNET or BPI combustion safety test for depressurization, spillage, draft pressure, and CO entration in the flue of ≤ 25 ppm. 2723,34			
10.2 For firepla the two lar when at fu	ces that are not mechanically drafted or gest exhaust fans (excluding summer co	direct-vented to outdoors, total net rated exhaust flow of poling fans) is ≤ 15 CFM per 100 sq. fl. of occupiable space the pressure differential is ≤ -5 Pa using BPI's or			ı
boundary,		king ranges are located inside the home's pressure r at least 10 minutes and verified that the ambient CO level	_	_	E
11. Filtration		Die .			88
	ne MERV 6 or higher filter installed in each				E
	air and mechanically supplied outdoor air				E
	ted and installed on as to facilitate acres	s and regular service by the owner. 33			1
11.3 Filter loca					
11.3 Filter loca 11.4 Filter acce		sealing mechanism and fits snugly against the exposed  Date Checklist inspected:			1

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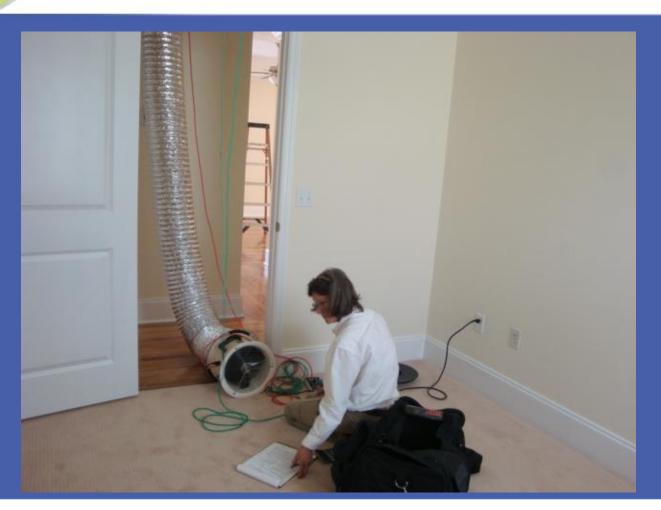


Water Management System Builder Chec			_State: _	
Water-Managed Site and Foundation	Must Correct	Builder Verified	Rater Verified	N
1.1 Patio slabs, porch slabs, walks, and driveways sloped ≥ 0.25 in. per fl. away from home to edge of surface or 10 fl., whichever is less. <sup>4</sup>	-	_	0	-
1.2 Back-fill has been tamped and final grade sloped ≥ 0.5 in. per ft. away from home for ≥ 10 ft. See footnote for alternatives. <sup>4</sup>	0	_	0	
1.3 Capillary break beneath all slabs (e.g., slab on grade, basement slab) except crawfspace slabs using either: ≥ 6 mil poyethylene sheeting, lapped 6-12 in., or ≥ 1° extruded polystyrene insulation with taped joints. <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	9
1.4 Capillary break at all crawtspace floors using ≥ 6 mil polyethylene sheeting, lapped 6-12 in., and installe options: 5	d using or	ne of the fo	llowing the	ree
1.4.1 Placed beneath a concrete slab; OR,				П
1.4.2 Lapped up each wall or pier and fastened with furring strips or equivalent; OR,	0		0	
1.4.3 Secured in the ground at the perimeter using stakes.				
1.5 Exterior surface of below-grade walls finished as follows:				
<ul> <li>For poured concrete, concrete masonry, and insulated concrete forms, finish with damp-proofing coating.</li> <li>For wood framed walls, finish with polyethylene and adhesive or other equivalent waterproofing.</li> </ul>	0	_		
1.6 Class 1 vapor retarders not installed on the interior side of air permeable insulation in exterior below- grade walls. <sup>6</sup>	0	_	0	3
1.7 Sump pump covers mechanically attached with full gasket seal or equivalent.				
1.8 Drain tile installed at the footings of basement and crawlspace walls, with the top of the drain tile pipe below the bottom of the concrete slab or crawlspace floor. Drain tile surrounded with ≥ 6 in. of ½ to ½ in. washed or clean gravel and with gravel layer fully wrapped with fabric cloth. Drain tile level or sloped to discharge to outside grade (daylight) or to a sump pump. <sup>1</sup>	0	_	0	
2. Water-Managed Wall Assembly				
2.1 Flashing at bottom of exterior walls with weep holes included for masonry veneer and weep screed for stucco cladding systems, or equivalent drainage system.	0	0	0	
2.2 Fully sealed continuous drainage plane behind exterior cladding that laps over flashing in Item 2.1. Additional bond-break drainage plane layer provided behind all stucco and non-structural masonry cladding wall assemblies. §	0	п		1
2.3 Window and door openings fully flashed. 9				
3. Water-Managed Roof Assembly				
3.1 Step and kick-out flashing at all roof-wall intersections, extending ≥ 4" on wall surface above roof deck and integrated with drainage plane above. <sup>10</sup>	_			0
3.2 For homes that don't have a slab-on-grade foundation and do have expansive or collapsible soils, gutters & downspouls provided that empty to lateral piping that deposits water on stoping final grade ≥ 5 ft. from foundation or to underground catchment system ≥ 10 ft. from foundation. ¹¹¹	0	0	0	8
3.3 Self-sealing bituminous membrane or equivalent at all valleys & roof deck penetrations. 12				
3.4 In 2009 IECC Climate Zones 5 and higher, self-sealing bituminous membrane or equivalent over sheathing at eaves from the edge of the roof line to > 2 ft. up roof deck from the interior plane of the exterior wall. <sup>12</sup>	0	_	0	8
4. Water-Managed Building Materials				
4.1 Wall-to-wall carpet not installed within 2.5 ft. of tollets, tubs, and showers.				Т
4.2 Cement board or equivalent moisture-resistant backing material installed on all walls behind tub and shower enclosures composed of tile or panel assemblies with caulked joints. Paper-faced backerboard shall not be used. <sup>19</sup>	_	_	_	-
4.3 In Warm-Humid climates, Class 1 vapor retarders not installed on the interior side of air permeable insulation in above-grade walls, except at shower and tub walls. <sup>6</sup>	_	_	_	
4.4 Building materials with visible signs of water damage or mold not installed. 14				
4.5 Interior walls not enclosed (e.g., with drywall) if either the framing members or insulation products have high moisture content.	0	_	0	1
Builder Employee:				
Builder has completed Builder Checklist in its entirety, except for items that are checked in the Rater Verifies  Rater Signature:  Date:	d column	(if any) 2		











			CATEGORY 1: ENERGY	
Categ	ory Minir	num 30 /	Category Maximum 75	Version 9 Revised 12/18/1
	Points	Points		
	Achieved			
HERS	Index - E	nergy Ra	ting	Certifying Agent Notes
E1.1	0	3 - 75	Confirmed Florida HERS Rating - 3 points for each HERS Index point below 80	
			N/A :Does the Home have a confirmed HERS Index	
			:Confirmed HERS Index	
Docia	n, Finishe	s Amon	itine	Certifying Agent Notes
E2.1	, FIIISHE	s, Amen	Thermal Bypass Inspection	Certifying Agent Notes
E2.2	-	1	Ductwork joints sealed with mastic	
E2.3	-	1	Ductwork smoke tested allowing leaks to be sealed prior to drywall	
E2.4	-	1	Cross vent and ceiling fans code credit	
E2.5	-	1	Roofed porch, Min 100ft^2 AND meets cross-ventilation requirements	
E2.6	-	1	Passive solar space heating system	
E2.7	-	1	Passive solar day-lighting	
E2.8	-		Deciduous trees on south	
E2.9	0		House shaded on east and west by trees	
			% of the designated wall areas (average of east and west walls) that are shaded by trees.	
E2.10	-	1	Washer and dryer outside of conditioned space	
E2.11	-	1	Floor joist perimeter insulated and sealed	
E2.12	-	1	Light colored exterior walls (80% minimum)	
			Enter the Solar Reflecive Index (SRI) of Paint	
E2.13	0	1 - 2	Light colored interior walls, ceilings, carpet/floors	
	211	1.0	N/A all major living spaces wall and ceiling surfaces have a reflectance of at least 50%	
			Enter the Light Reflectance Value (LRV) of Paint	
			N/A bedrooms and all major living spaces have floors, walls, & ceilings are light-colored	
			Enter the Light Reflectance Value (LRV) of Paint	
E2.14	-	1	Max 100W fixtures in bathrooms	
E2.15	17.0		Pre-plumb for solar hot water	
E2.16	-	2	Install a State Certified rated solar hot water system	
E2.17		1	Compact hot water distribution	
E2.18	-		Insulate all hot water pipes	
E2.19	-	1	Energy-efficient clothes dryers	
E2.20	-	1	Energy-efficient ovens/ranges	
E2.21	-	1	Energy Star® clothes washers	
E2.22	-	1	Efficient well pumping	



1 of 2



# Energy

E2.23	0	1	Efficient.	envelope volume			
E2.25	U	1	0	Total Gross Wall Area			
				11 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1			
			1	Conditional Square Footage			
			1	Number of Stories			
E2.24	-	1	Dwelling				
E2.25		1 - 2	Ceiling Pe	enetrations: No pentrations in ceiling (2 points), No penetrations in the themal envelope (1 point)			
E2.26	-	3	Energy St	tar® Advanced Lighting Package			
E2.27	-	2	Outdoor	lights are energy efficient.			
E2.28	-	1	Install mo	otion sensors on a minimum of 60% of the hard wired lighting fixtures			
		111	Total Po				
0 Total points for Category 1 ( 30 min / 75 max)							
1			HERS Rater:				
	Certifyi	ng Agent	Category 1:				

#### A NOTE ABOUT ENERGY

As you review the FGBC Green Home Standard you may wonder why many energy saving features do not appear as line items. The FGBC has elected to use a whole-house, performance-based energy rating for points versus offering an exhaustive list of prescriptive energy saving alternatives. The performance-based Energy Rating is called a HERS Index. For information purposes the adjacent chart lists many of the inputs used to calculate a

	Energy Gauge USA / HER				
	Envelope				
Floors	Windows	Roof			
Foundation type	# & size of windows	Roof Configuration / Slope			
Insulation value	Tint / U-factor	Roof Material / Color			
Perimeter / Area	Type of Frame	Attic Details			
Floor covering	Overhang details	Conditioned ceiling Area			
Walls	Ceilings	Solar absorbance			
Orientation	Ceiling style	Roof deck insulation level			
Area	Insulation value	Radiant barrier system			
Insulation value	Area	Attic Ventilation ratio			
Doors	Garage	Infiltration			
Door Area / U Value	Attached or not	Building envelope leakage			
	Equipment				
Hot Water	Ducts	Appliances and Lights			
Type / location	Insulation value	Programmable Thermostat			
Efficiency	Duct Location	Refrigerator			
Daily usage	Air Handler Location	% fluorescent lighting			
Set Temperature	Amount of leakage	Ceilings fans			
Solar or heat recovery	Duct surface area	Dishwasher			
Cooling	Heating	Photovoltaic's			
System Type	System Type	Array			
Capacity	Efficiency	Inverter			
SEER	Capacity	Batteries			



2 of 2





# Energy

### Verifying Energy Performance Review

- How is a home designed for energy efficiency?
- What is modeling?
- How are homes tested?













- Where we were
- Where we are
- What does Version 3.1, revision 7 really require?





#### **V**1

- 1996-2006
- High-performance windows
- Tight construction and ducts
- Efficient heating and cooling equipment
- Third-party verification by a certified Home Energy Rater.





### **V2**

- 2006-2011
- Choose a pathway
- Pass the thermal bypass
  - Meet the HERS Index
- Pass the duct leakage test (Qnout ≤ .06)





### V2.5

- April 1, 2011-July 1,2012
- Thermal Enclosure System Rater Checklist
  - (Sections 3 and 5 enforced)
- HVAC Quality Installation Contractor Checklist
  - HVAC Quality Installation Rater Checklist
- Water Management System Builder Checklist





#### **V**3

- Beginning July 1, 2012
- All checklists enforced
- Thermal Enclosure System Rater Checklist
- HVAC Quality Installation Contractor Checklist
  - HVAC Quality Installation Rater Checklist
- Water Management System Builder Checklist





V3.1

- July 1, 2012
- Or February 1, 2013?
- Florida Specific Requirement AND
  - All 4 Checklists\*

\*now on revision 7 of these!





### Confused?



• We all are....or were



# Good





## Good

### Insulated headers







# Real Bad





# Ugly





# Bad





# Almost?







# Good













# Good







# Good/Ugly





# Bad?







### Version 3.1

Received updated Energy Gauge December 1

Prescriptive

Performance



# Prescriptive

Because I said so, that's why!







# Prescriptive

Home Address:	City:	St	ate:	_			
TIOTHE Address.	Inspection Guidelines	Rater Verified	Must	N.			
Benchmark Home Size	Home Size ( $\mathbf{f}^i$ ) $\leq$ Benchmark Home Size ( $\mathbf{f}^i$ )  # BR: Home Size ( $\mathbf{f}^i$ ): Benchmark Home Size ( $\mathbf{f}^i$ ):		·				
Cooling Equipment <sup>15</sup>	Cooling equipment, where provided, meets one of the options below (check one):  □ ≥ 15 SEER A/C  □ Heat pump (See Heating Equipment)						
Heating Equipment <sup>15</sup>	Heating equipment meets one of the options below (check one):    ≥ 80 AFUE gas furnaco   ≥ 80 AFUE oil furnaco   ≥ 80 AFUE boils     ≥ 80 AFUE boils     ≥ 80 AFUE boils     ≥ 82 HSPF / 15 SEER / 12 EER ENERGY STAR qualified air-source heat pump with electric backup or ENERGY STAR qualified dual-fuel backup     Ground source heat pump, any product type, ENERGY STAR qualified						
Envelope	Radiant barrier or ENERGY STAR qualified roof product. 17 Infiltration rate s 5 ACH50 18 Insulation achieves Grade 1 installation per RESNET standards. 17 Ceiling insulation 2 30 R-Value 11 Wall insulation 2 13 R-Value or 2 6 / 7.8 R-Value for mass walls, where the second R-	0000					
	value for mass walls applies when more than half the insulation is on the interior of the mass wall.   Floor insulation over unconditioned space ≥ 13 R-Value.   The insulation over unconditioned space ≥ 13 R-Value.						
Windows & Doors 15,19	Windows: ≤ 0.65 U-Value; ≤ 0.27 SHGC Skylights: ≤ 0.75 U-Value; ≤ 0.30 SHGC If total window-0-loro area ≥ 15%, then U-values or SHGCs adjusted as outlined in Footnote 19.  Door U-Value: Opaque: ≤ 0.21 s% lite: ≤ 0.27 >½ lite: ≤ 0.32  Door SHGC: Opaque: No Rating ≤½ lite: ≤ 0.30 >½ lite: ≤ 0.30						
Water Heater	Energy Factor (EF) meets the requirements based upon fuel type and tank size. <sup>30</sup> Fuel Type: ☐ Gas ☐ Elec ☐ Oil Tank Size (gal.): Req. EF:						
Thermostat & Ductwork	Programmable thermostat installed unless thermostat controls a zone with electric radiant heat, for which a manual thermostat is allowed. <sup>21</sup> All ducts and air handleris located in conditioned space. Total duct leakage ≤ 8 CFM25 per 100 sq. ft. of CFA. <sup>22</sup>						
Lighting & Appliances	ENERGY STAR qualified refrigerators, dishwashers, ceiling fans, exhaust fans. 23 ENERGY STAR qualified light bulbs or fixtures shall be installed in 80% of RESNET- defined Quality Light Fixture Locations. 24			0			



# Prescriptive Home Size

CFA may not exceed benchmark home

Benchmark Home											
Bedrooms in home to be built	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
Conditioned floor area Benchmark home	1000	1600	2200	2800	3400	4000	4600	5200			



# Prescriptive Heat Pumps

- If using a heat pump, must be at least:
  - 8.2 HSPF
  - 15 SEER
  - 12EER
  - ENERGY STAR labeled



## Prescriptive Envelope

- Radiant barrier
- ACH<sub>50</sub> ≤ 5
- Grade 1 insulation installation
- Ceiling insulation ≥ R-30
- Wall insulation ≥ R-13
- Floor over unconditioned space ≥ R-13



# Prescriptive Windows

- Windows: ≤ .65 U-value, ≤ .27 SHGC
- Skylights: ≤ .75 U-value, ≤ .30 SHGC



# Prescriptive Water Heater

### Energy Factor (EF) meets requirements:

- To determine domestic hot water (DHW) EF requirements:
  - Gas DHW EF ≥ 0.69 (0.002 x Tank Gallon Capacity);
  - Electric DHW EF ≥ 0.97 (0.001 x Tank Gallon Capacity);



# Prescriptive Thermostat and Ductwork

Programmable thermostat

All ductwork and air handlers located in conditioned space

QnTotal ≤ 8/100 sq. ft.



# Prescriptive Lighting and Appliances

 All refrigerators, dishwashers, ceiling fans and exhaust fans are energy star qualified

ENERGY STAR qualified light bulbs or fixtures in

• ≥ 80% of RESNET designated qualifying locations



### Performance



I won't tell you how to do it, just do it!



### Performance Home Size

### CFA may not exceed benchmark home

Benchmark Home											
Bedrooms in home to be built	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
Conditioned floor area Benchmark home	1000	1600	2200	2800	3400	4000	4600	5200			

Size adjustment factor (SAF)=
Benchmark Sq. Footage Allowed

Rated Home Sq. Footage



### Performance Home Size

### Example:

4 bedroom 3400 square foot home

SAF=2800÷3400

SAF=.82



### Performance Home Size

### **Example:**

4 bedroom 3400 square foot home

SAF=.82

Benchmark HERS=72

Rated home HERS=72x.82=59



# Do you have a very, very



good relationship with your mechanical contractor?





#### Mechanical Contractor



And is he or she comfortable with computers?



#### Mechanical Contractor

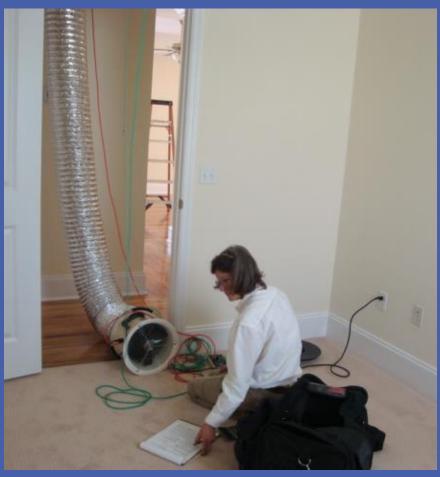


And with completing paperwork in a timely manner?



# Performance Duct Leakage







### Performance Blower Door





# Performance Right Sizing





# Performance Right Sizing











#### Bath fans







### **Poor Installation**





## **Good Installation**





### ES Fan With Timer





#### **Build Your Team**

Building contractor, insulation contractor, mechanical contractor, framing contractor, and...



your rater



## Pay Attention To Detail





### **ENERGY STAR V3.1**





## Energy

#### Review – Energy Efficiency

- Identify the critical factors for ensuring energy efficiency.
- Describe the technical resources and considerations involved with designing and installing an energy efficient HVAC system.
- Explain the important energy conservation features of lighting, appliance, and water heating components.



## Energy

#### Review – Energy Efficiency

- What is the SEER, and why does it matter?
- Higher SEER: more or less efficient?
- What two tests comprise the performance test, and what does each measure?
- What is a HERS index
- What is the required HERS index for ENERGY STAR certification?
- Florida is in what designated climate zone?





You can download the Standards and search the Database at:

www.FloridaGreenBuilding.org

Thank You!